

Disc kinematic substructure beyond the solar neighbourhood

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the Netherlands

A. Helmi and the RAVE collaboration

Ringberg Meeting, 12th April 2012
Dynamics meets Kinematic Tracers



rijksuniversiteit
 groningen

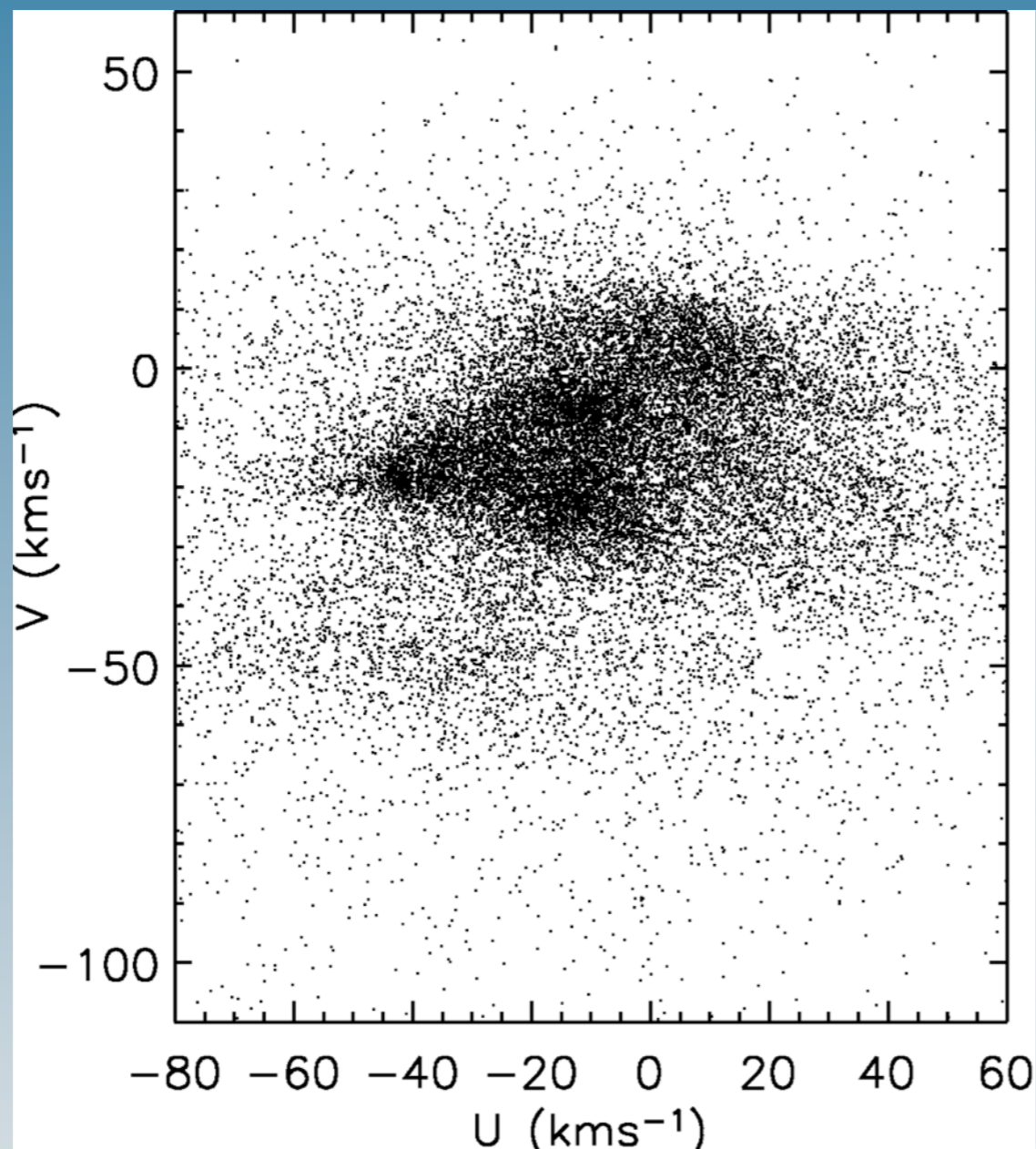
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Introduction

Velocities of stars in the solar neighbourhood (~ 150 pc)

Hipparcos + Geneva-Copenhagen



Discovery

Proctor 1869

Eggen (1950-2000)

Hipparcos era

Chereul et al. 1998

Dehnen 1998

With radial velocities

Asiain et al. 1999

Skuljan et al. 1999

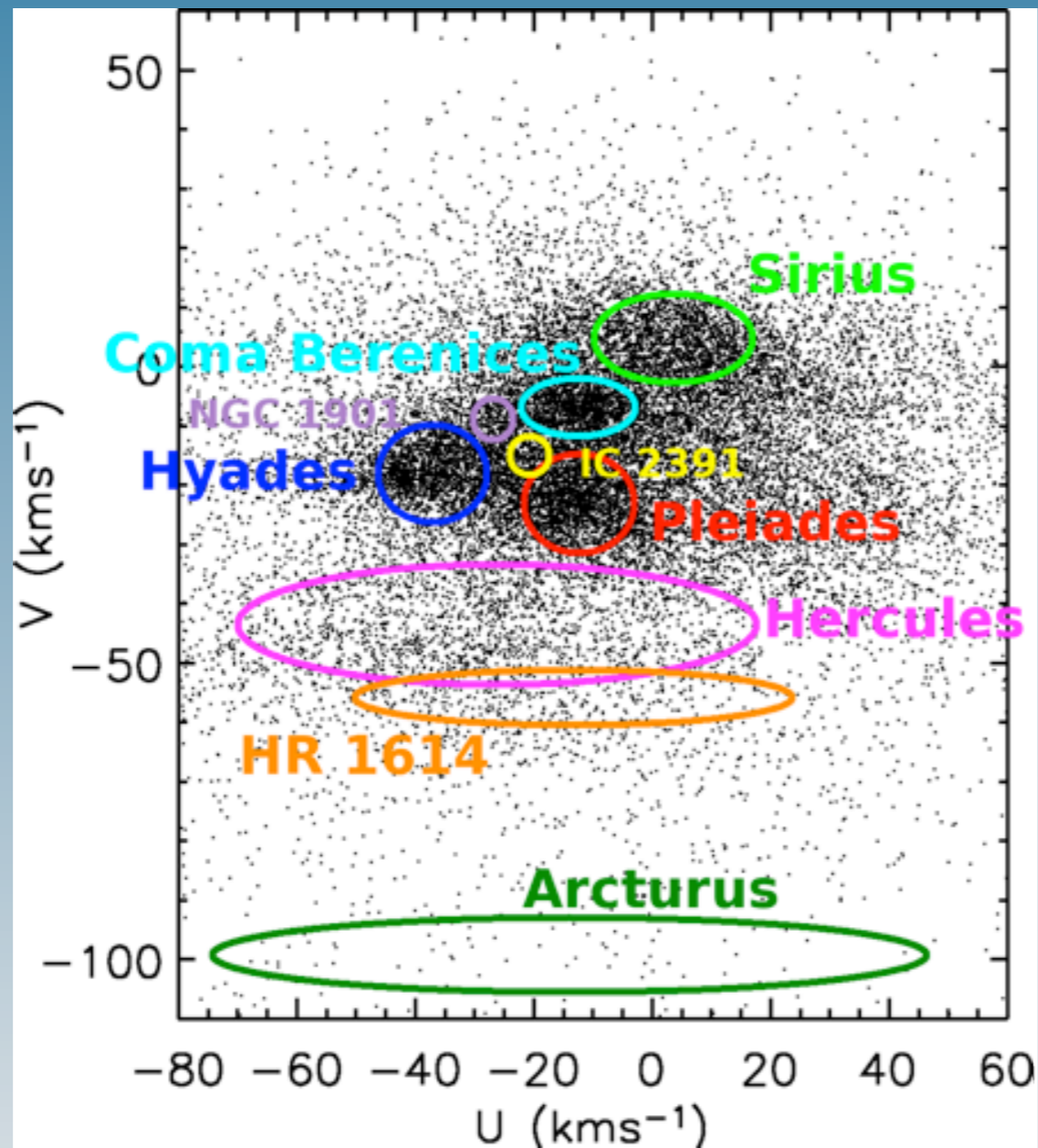
Famaey et al. 2005

Antoja et al. 2008

Bovy et al. 2009

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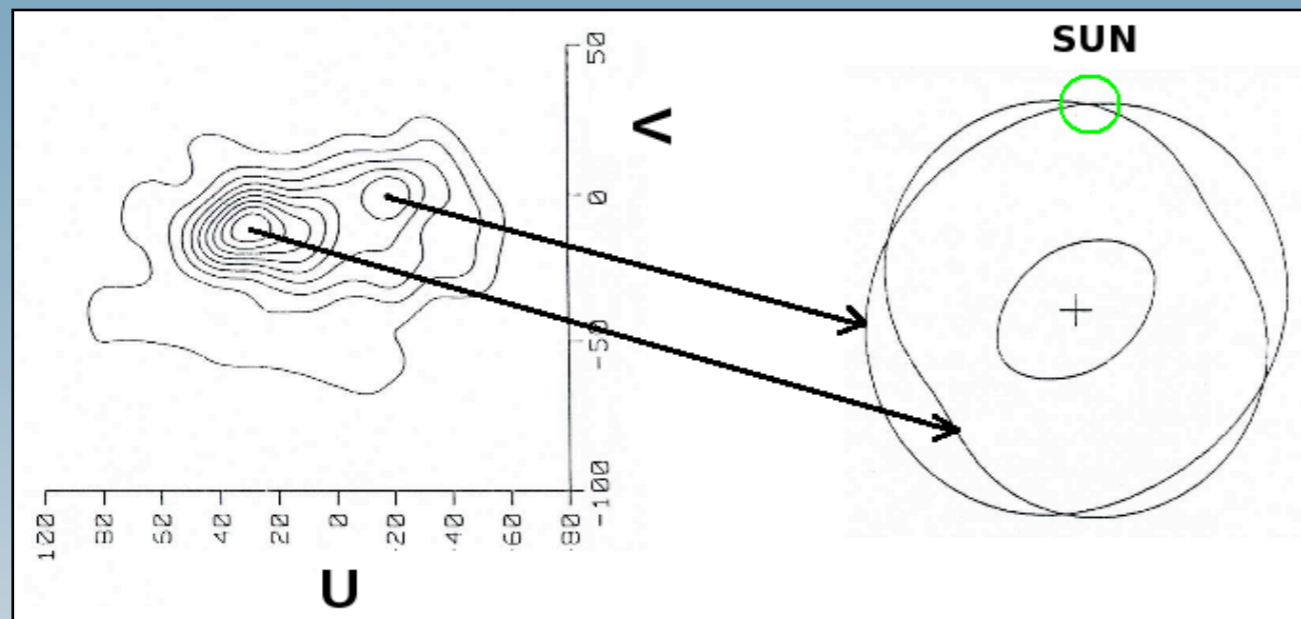
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- Perturbations in the disc due to external dynamical effects (e.g. due to interaction events)
- Orbital and resonant effects of the MW spiral arms and bar

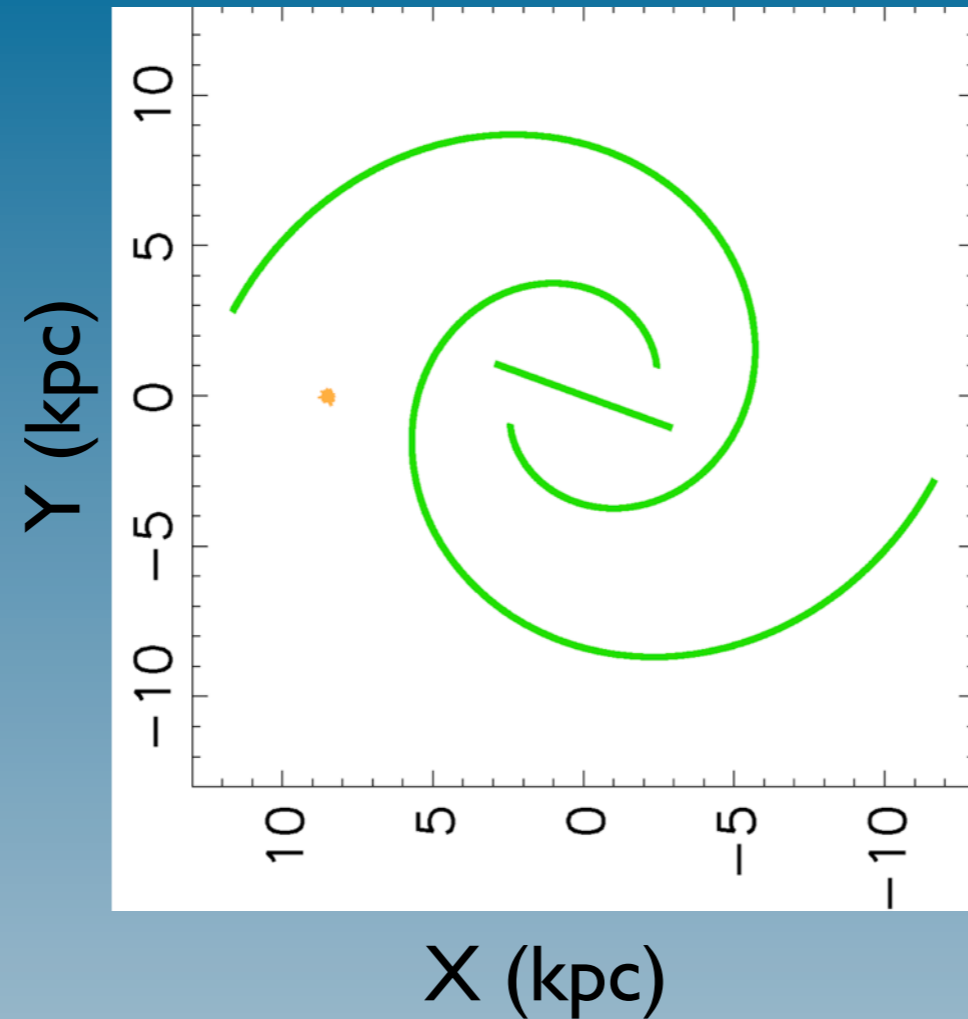


Kalnajs 1991

Dehnen 2000
Fux 2001
Quillen & Minchev 2005
Chakrabarty 2007
Antoja et al. 2009, 2011

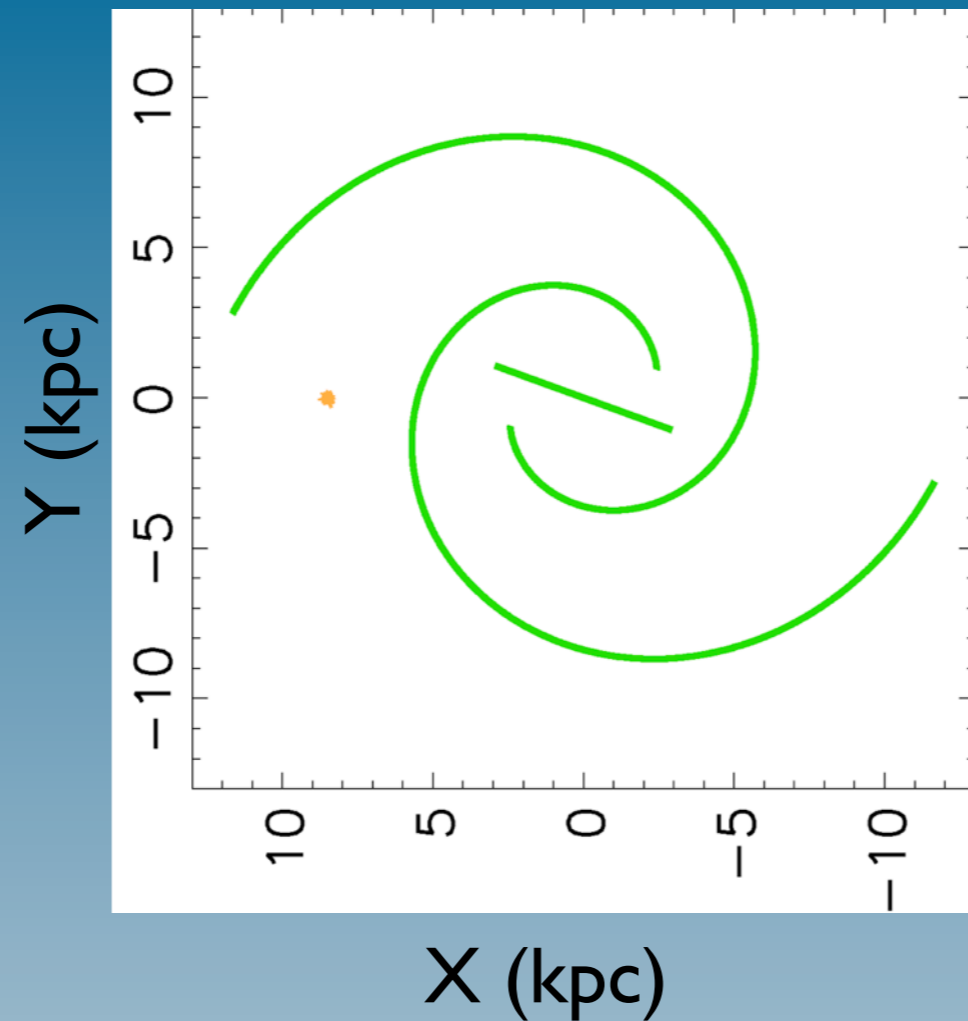
Hercules, Hyades, Pleiades,
Sirius, Coma Berenices,
Arcturus

Degeneracy!



Outline:

- Models: orbital effects on the disc kinematics
- RAVE: study of the kinematic groups across the disc



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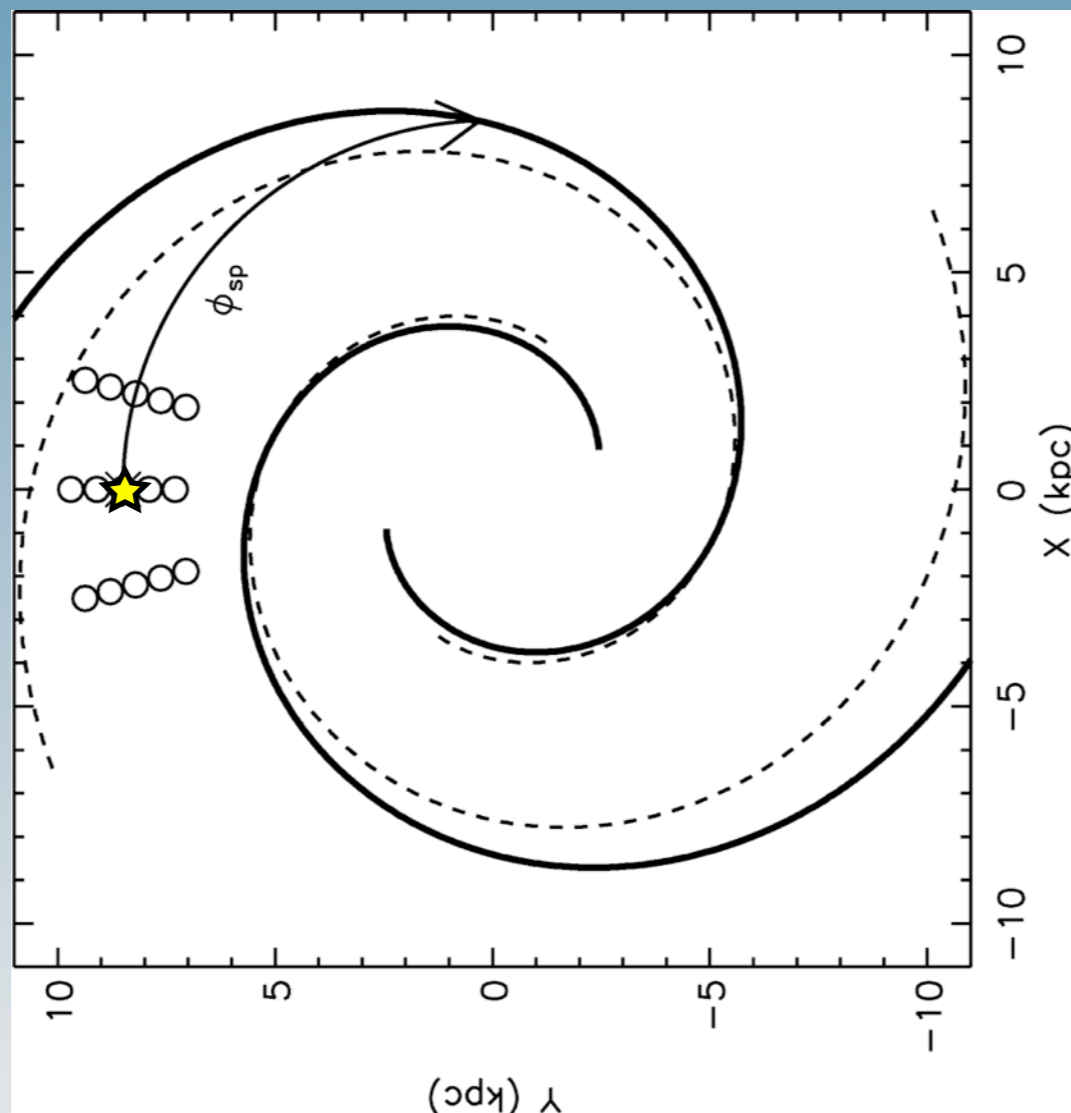
Test particle simulations

PERLAS model

(Pichardo et al. 2003)

Superposition of small pieces
of mass distribution

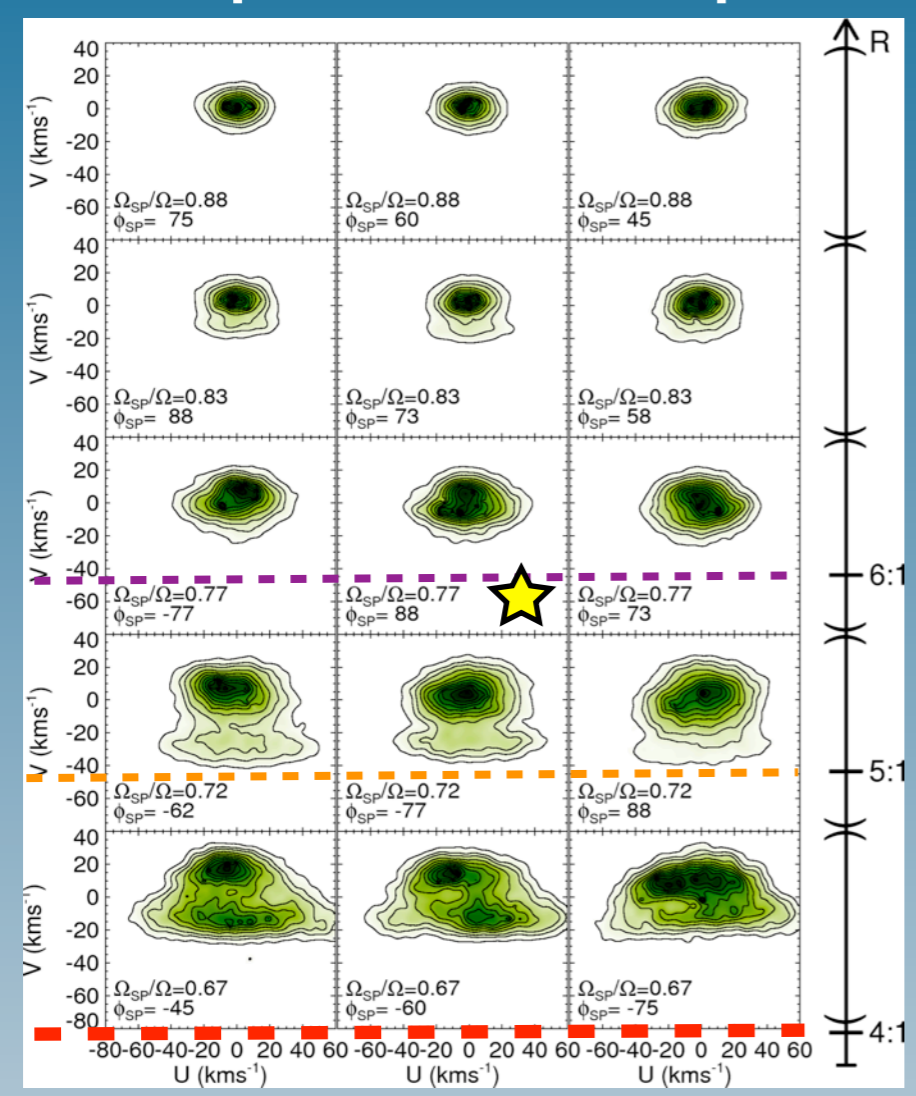
Property		Value or range
Number of arms	m	2
Scale length	R_{Σ} (kpc)	2.5
Locus beginning	R_{sp} (kpc)	2.6/3.6
Pitch angle	i ($^{\circ}$)	15.5/12.8
Relative spiral phase	$\phi_{sp}(R_{\odot})$ ($^{\circ}$)	88/60
Pattern speed	Ω_{sp} ($\text{km s}^{-1} \text{kpc}^{-1}$)	15–30
Density contrast	A_2	0.14–0.23
Density contrast	K	1.32–1.6



Different pattern speed

$$\Omega_{sp} = 20 \text{ km/s/kpc}$$

Antoja et al. 2011

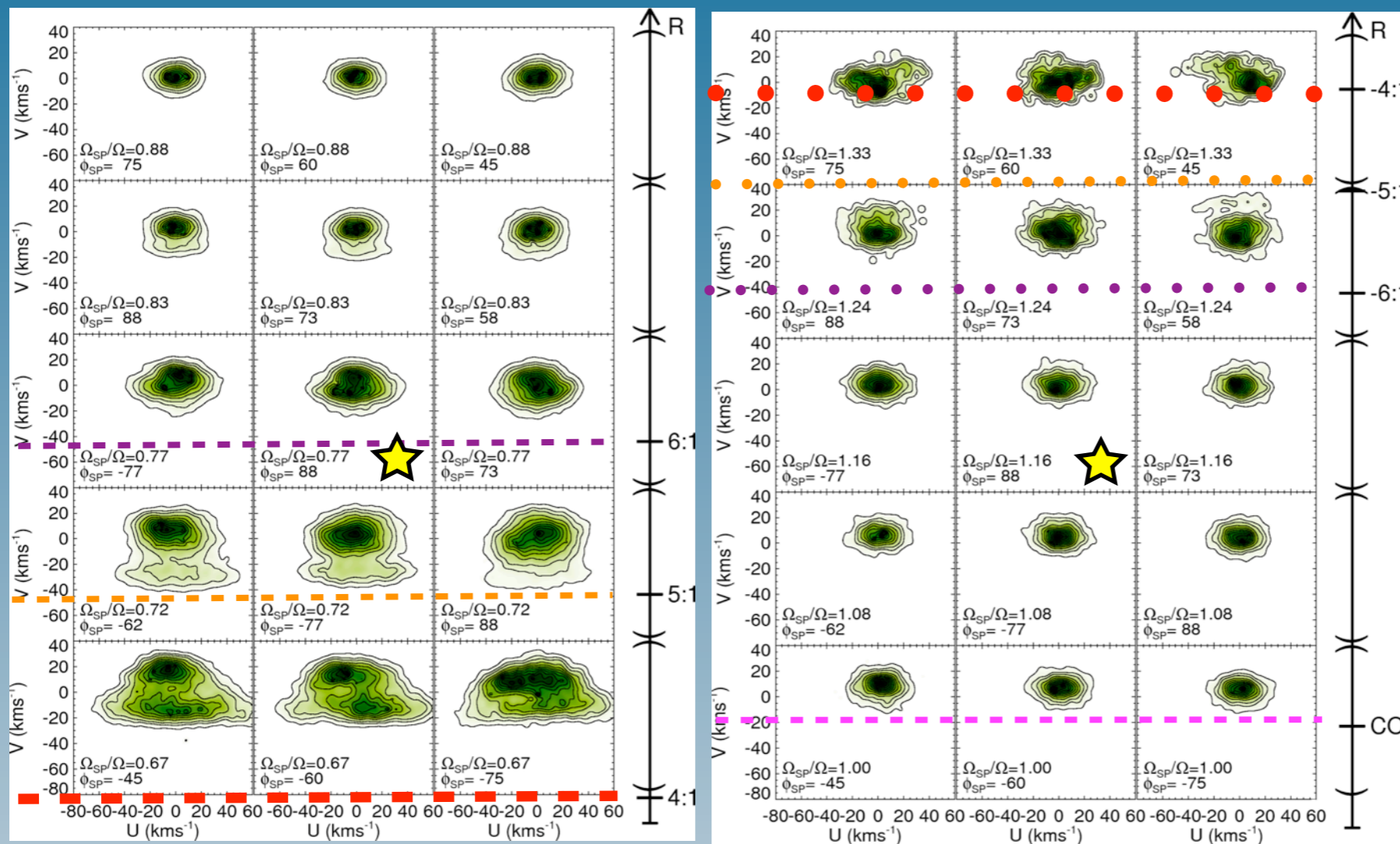


- Kinematic response to the spiral arms is strong and depends on disc position
- Significant changes: ~ 0.6 kpc in radius, ~ 2 kpc in azimuth
- Strong effects: close to the 4:1 inner resonance
- Where do we find more substructure? It depends on the pattern speed

Different pattern speed

$\Omega_{sp}=20$ km/s/kpc

$\Omega_{sp}=30$ km/s/kpc

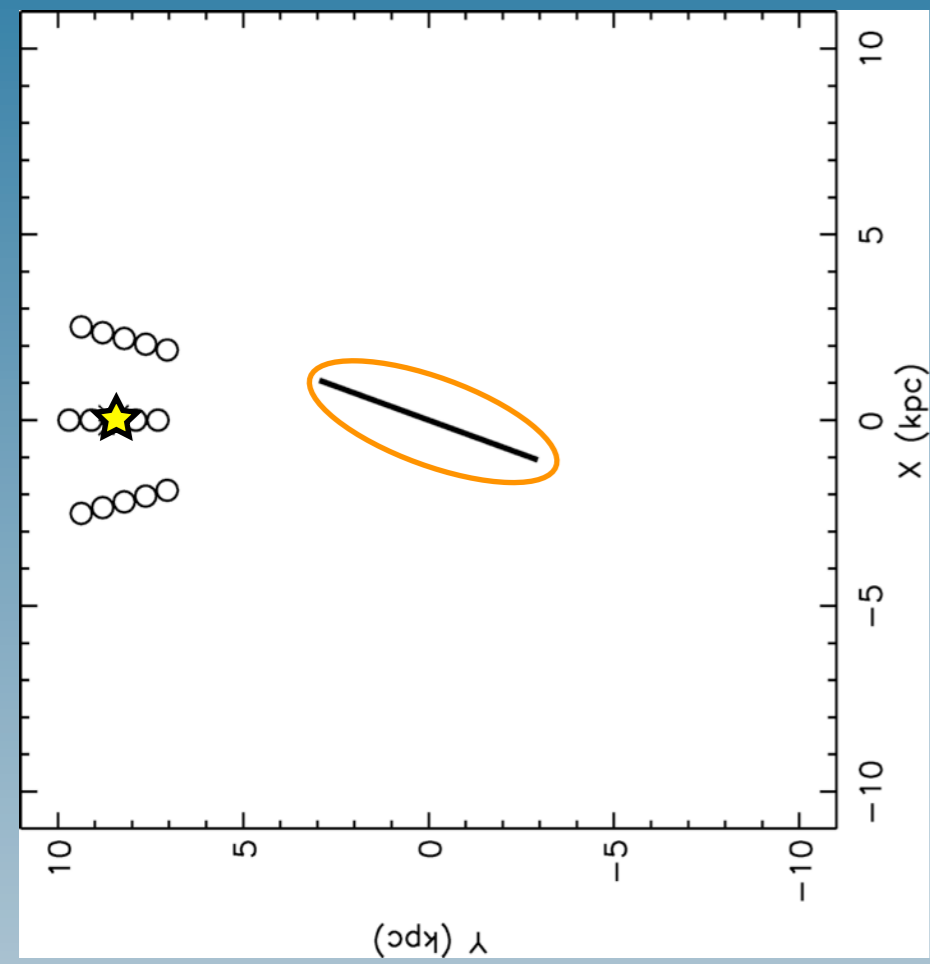


Antoja et al. 2011

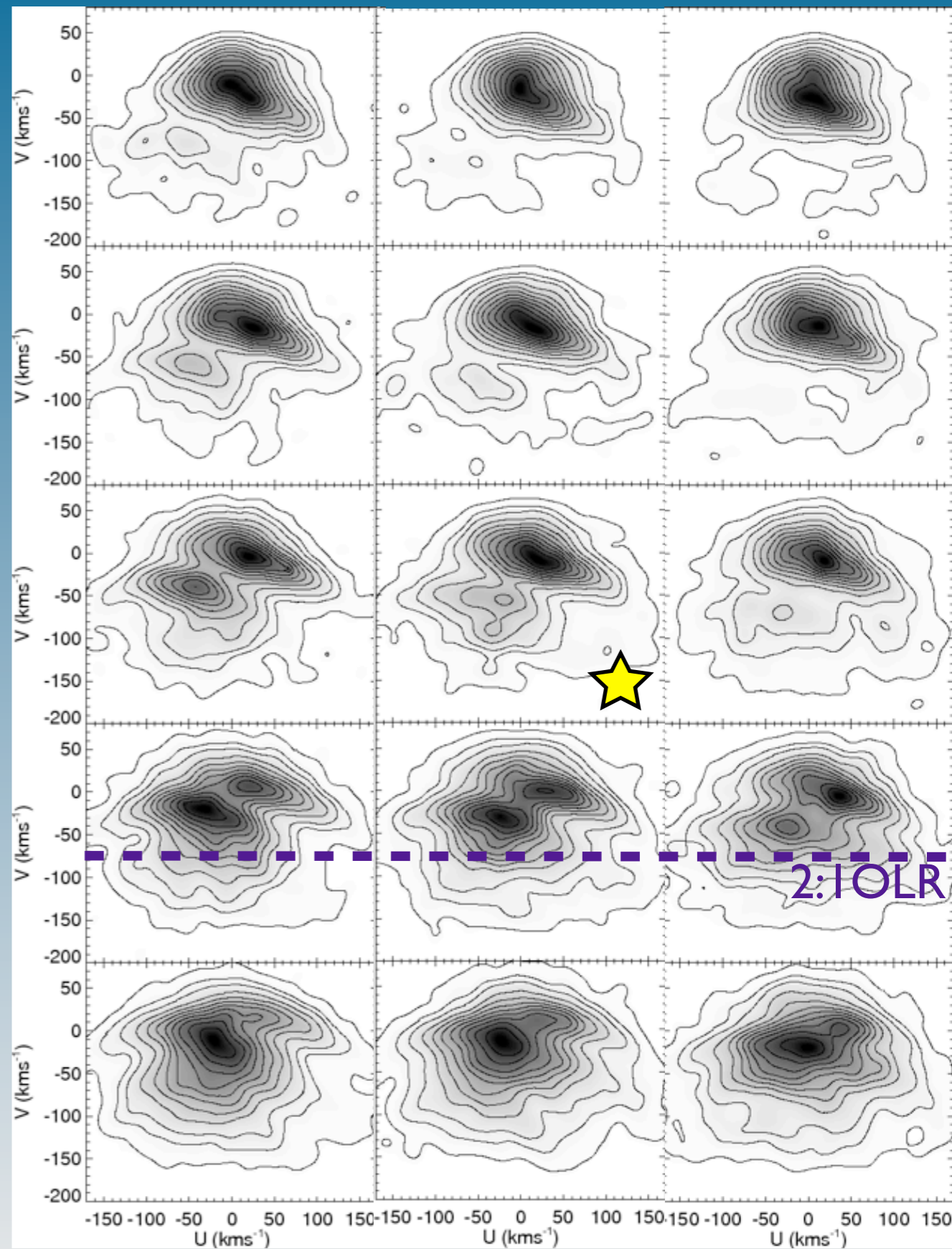
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Bar effects: a model for Hercules

Dehnen 2000
Fux 2000

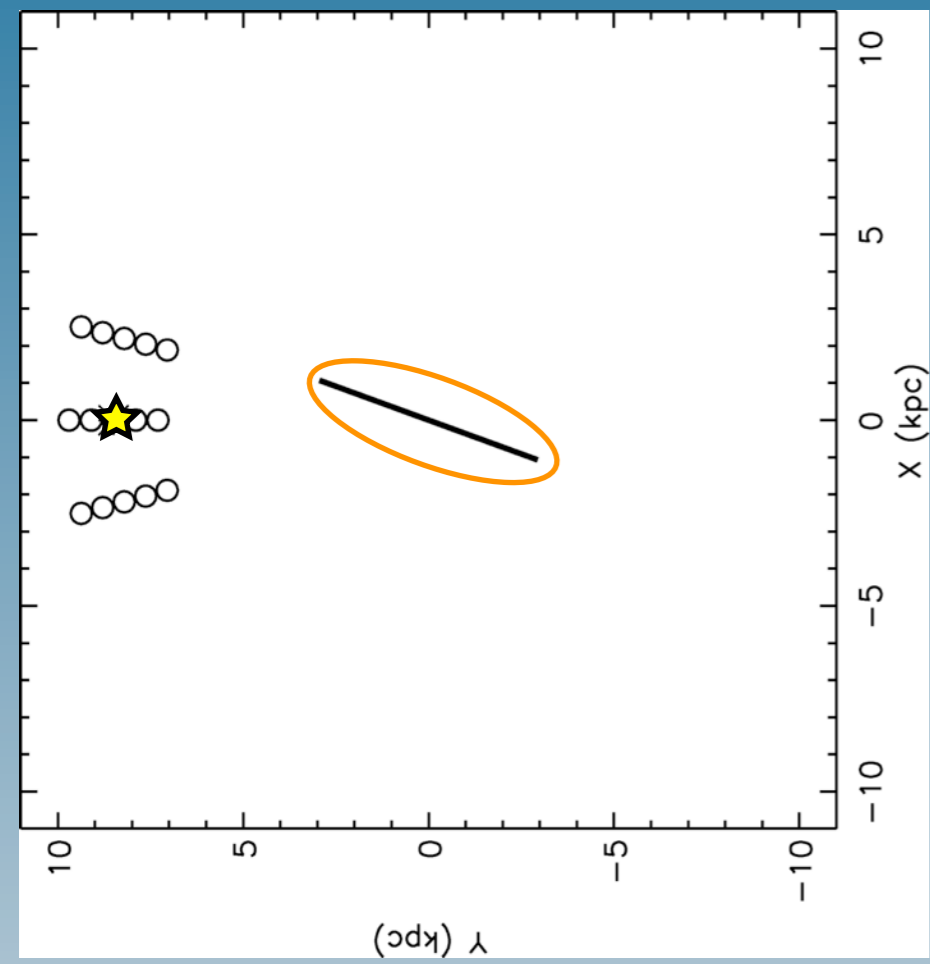


- Hercules moves to lower azimuthal velocities for larger Galactocentric radius



Bar effects: a model for Hercules

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-80 km/s

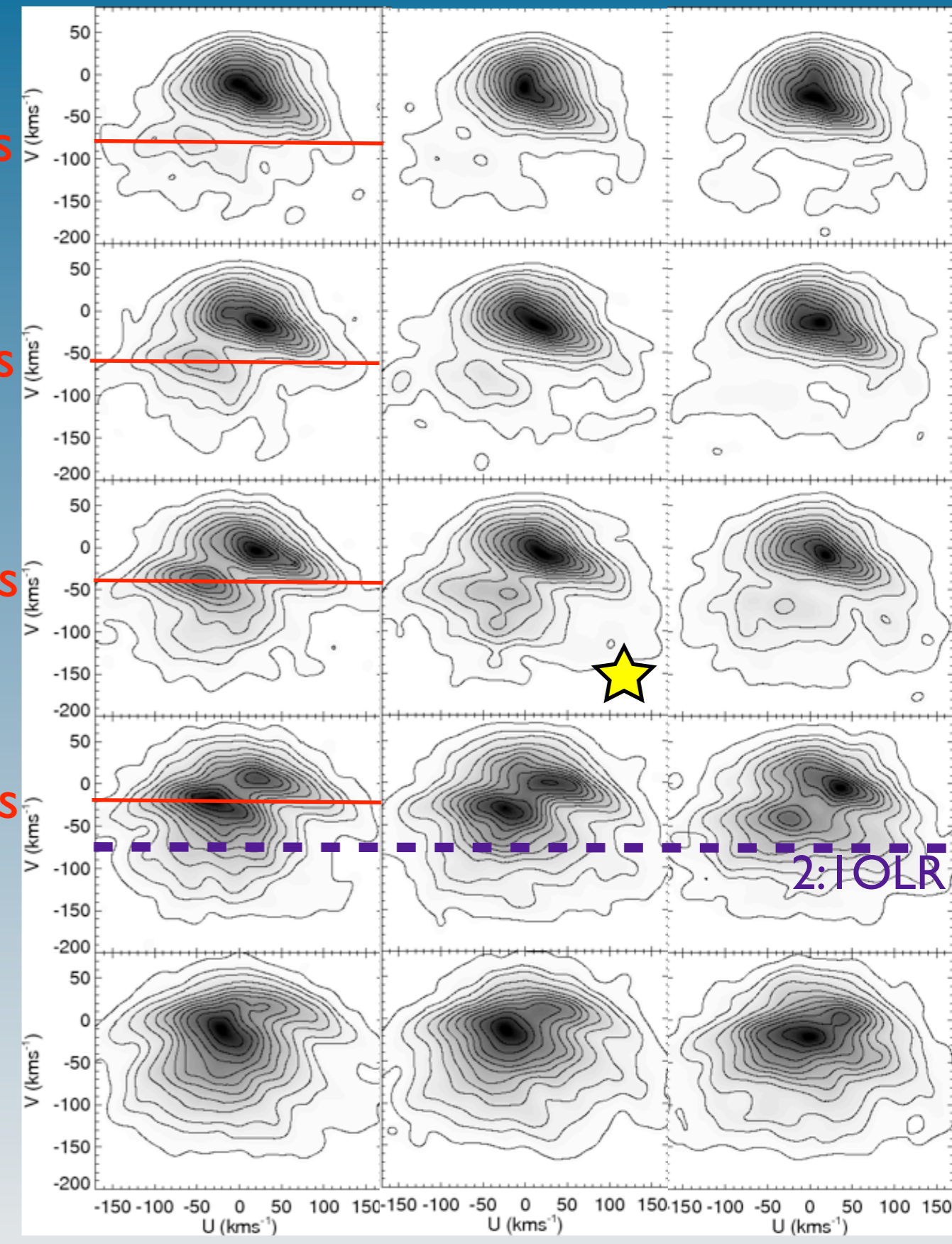
-60 km/s

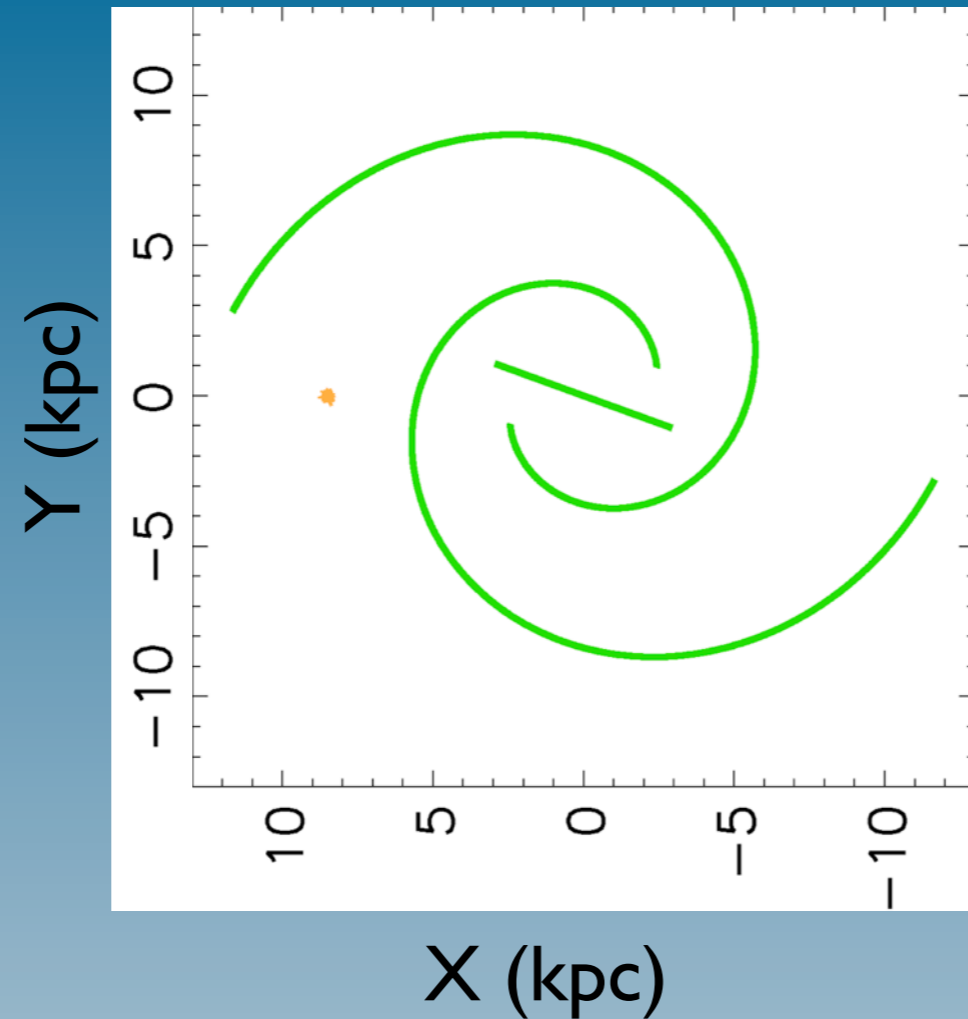
-40 km/s

-20 km/s

?

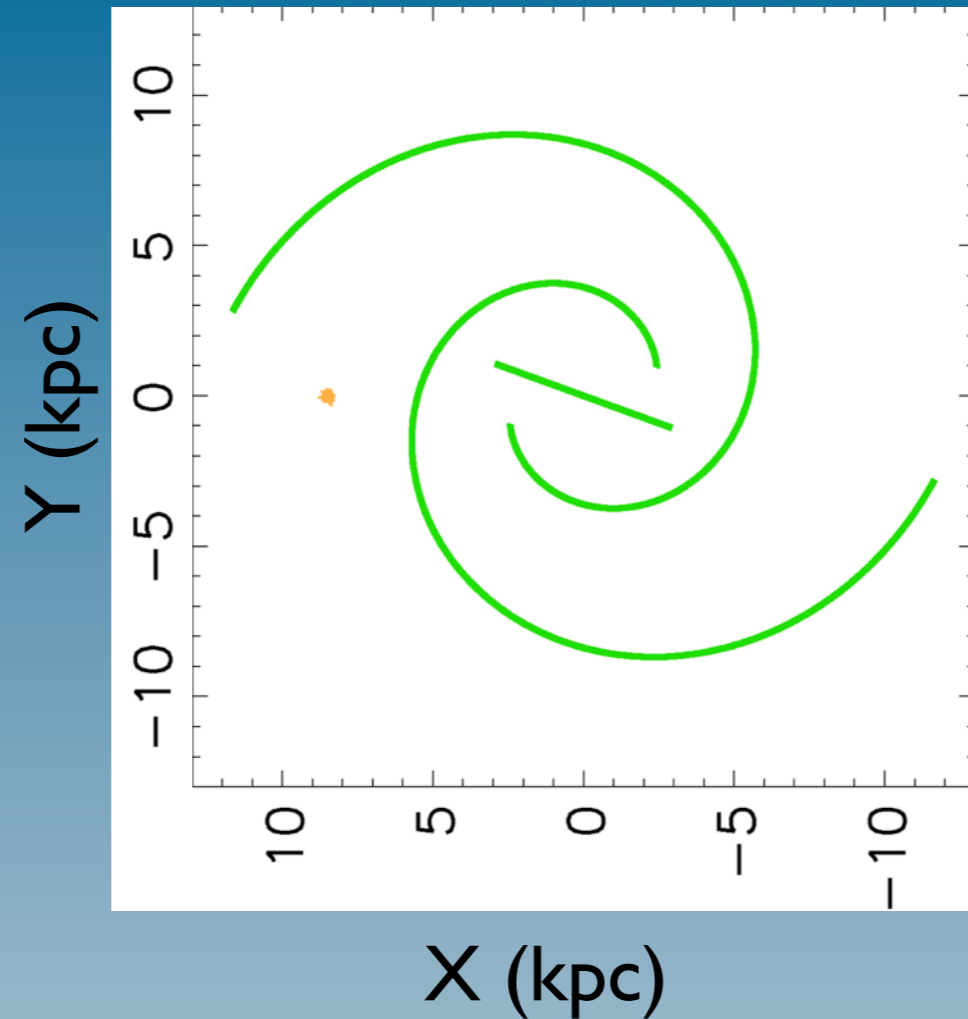
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- Models: orbital effects on the disc kinematics
- RAVE: study of the kinematic groups across the disc



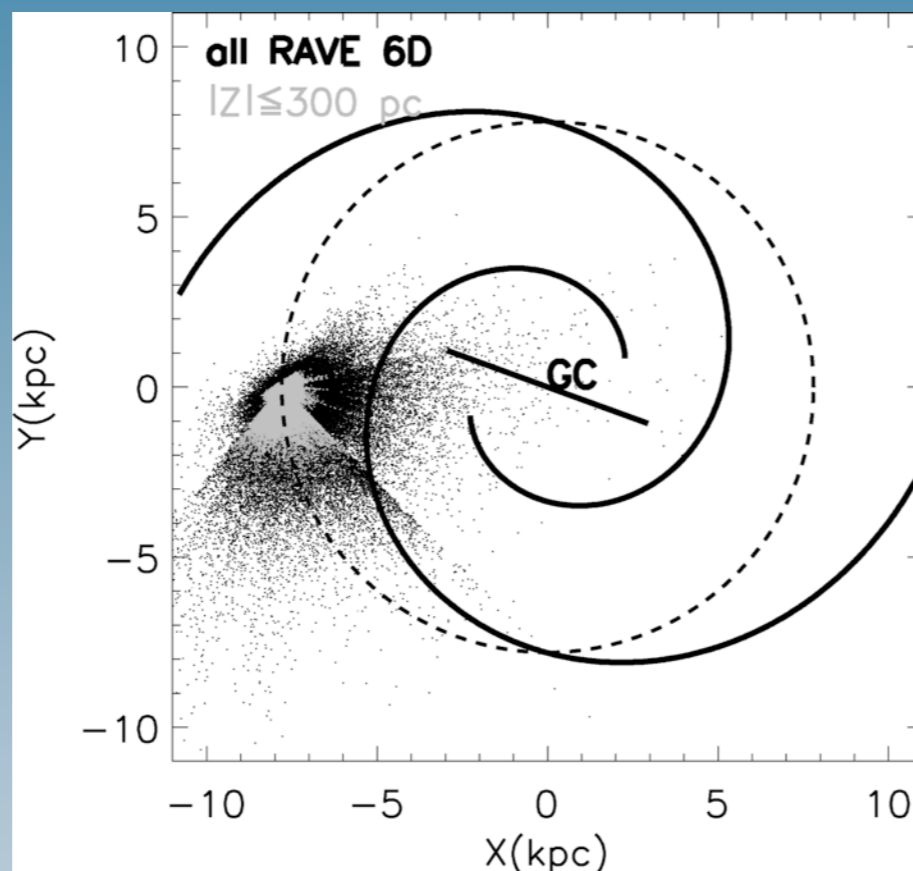
Outline:

- Models: orbital effects on the disc kinematics

- **RAVE: study of the kinematic groups across the disc**

- multi-fiber spectroscopic survey
- DR3 (Siebert et al. 2012): 500000 spectra, $e_{VR} \sim 2 \text{ km/s}$
- Proper motions: UCAC2, PPMX
- Spectro-photometric distances: Burnett & Binney 2010

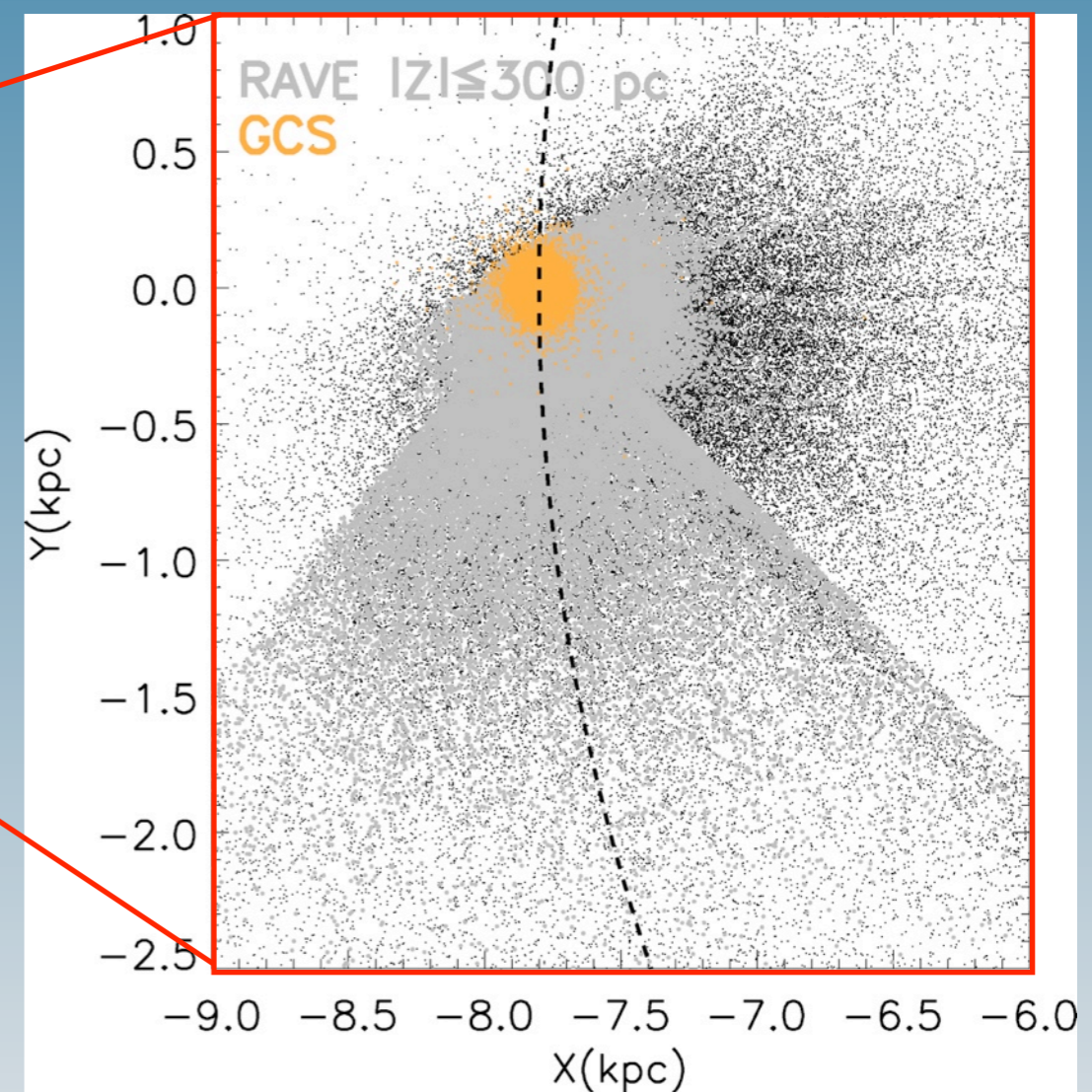
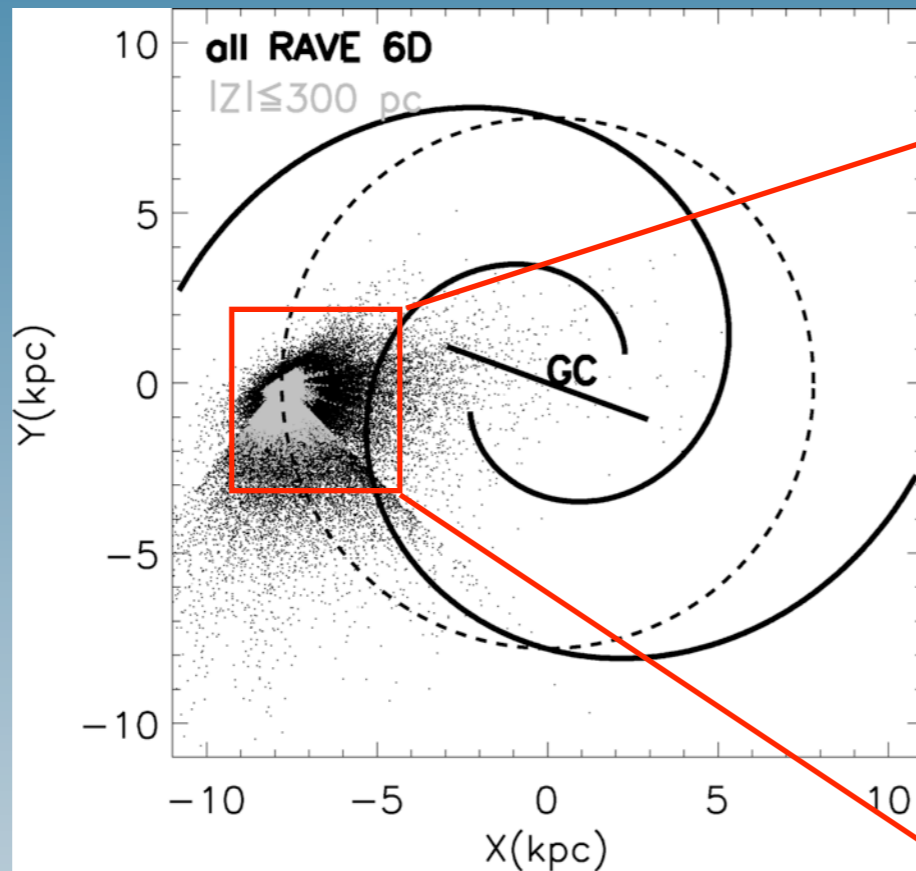
- 6D phase space for 200000 stars
- $|Z| \leq 300 \text{ pc}$:
6D phase space for 100000 stars



- Our goal: velocity distribution at different positions
- To be considered:
 - ♦ Assume: R_{\odot} , $v_c(R)$, U_{\odot} , V_{\odot}
 - ♦ Low number of stars
 - ♦ Errors in velocity

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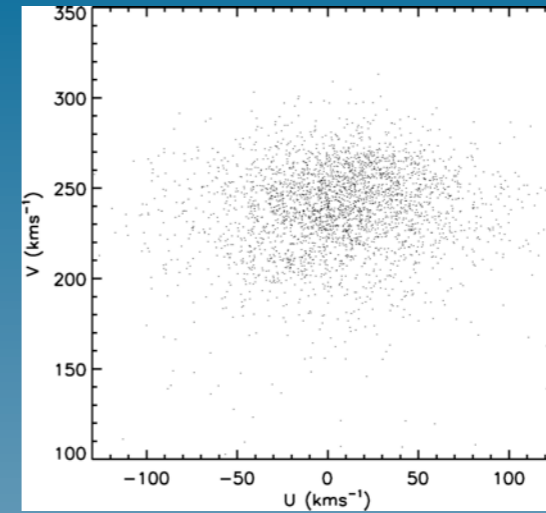
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MR Software (CEA, Saclay)

Starck & Murtagh 2002

Slezak et al. 1993

I) Point distribution



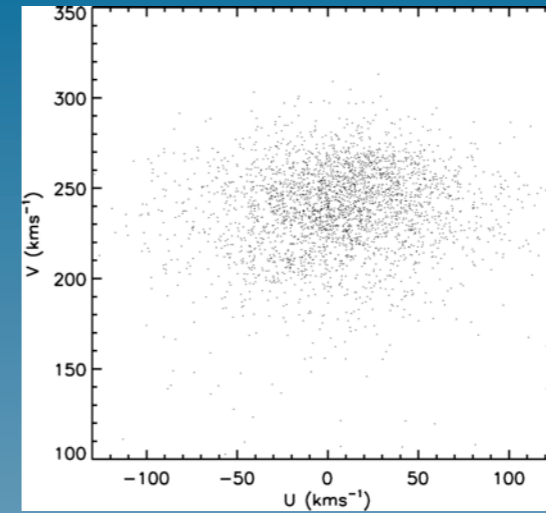
Finding substructure: Wavelet Transform

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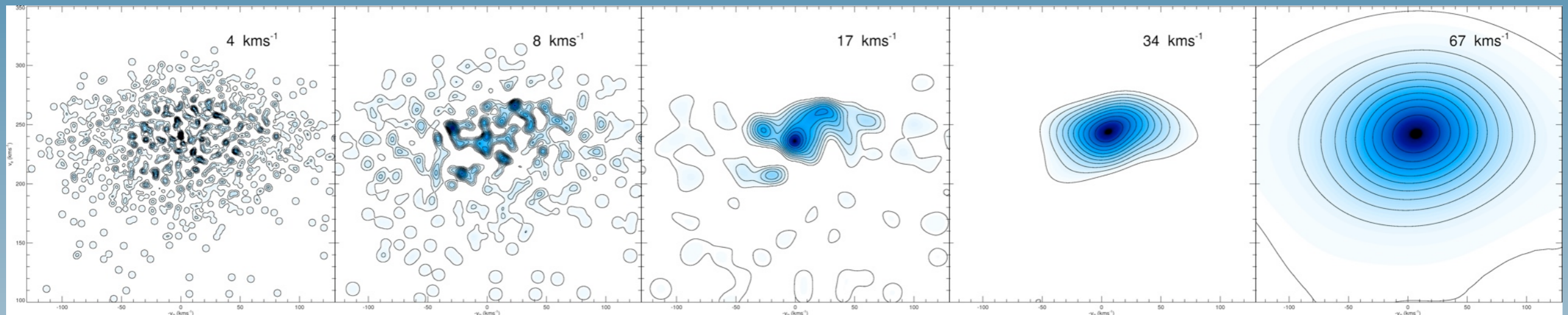
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1) Point distribution



2) Wavelet transform



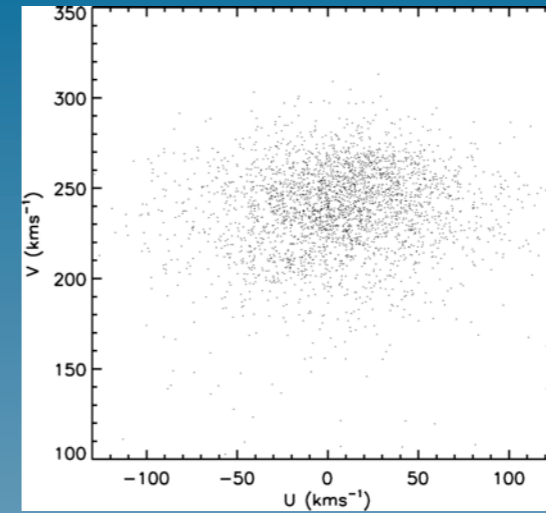
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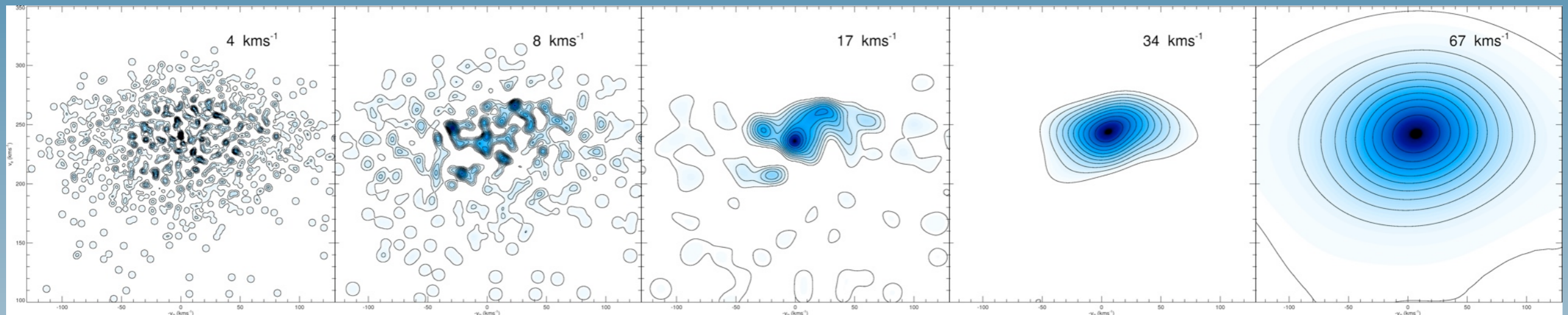
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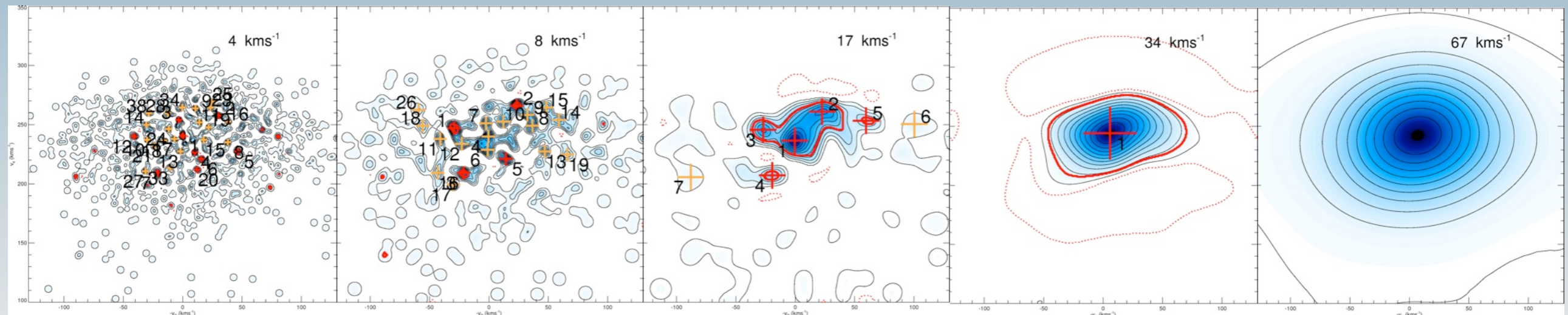
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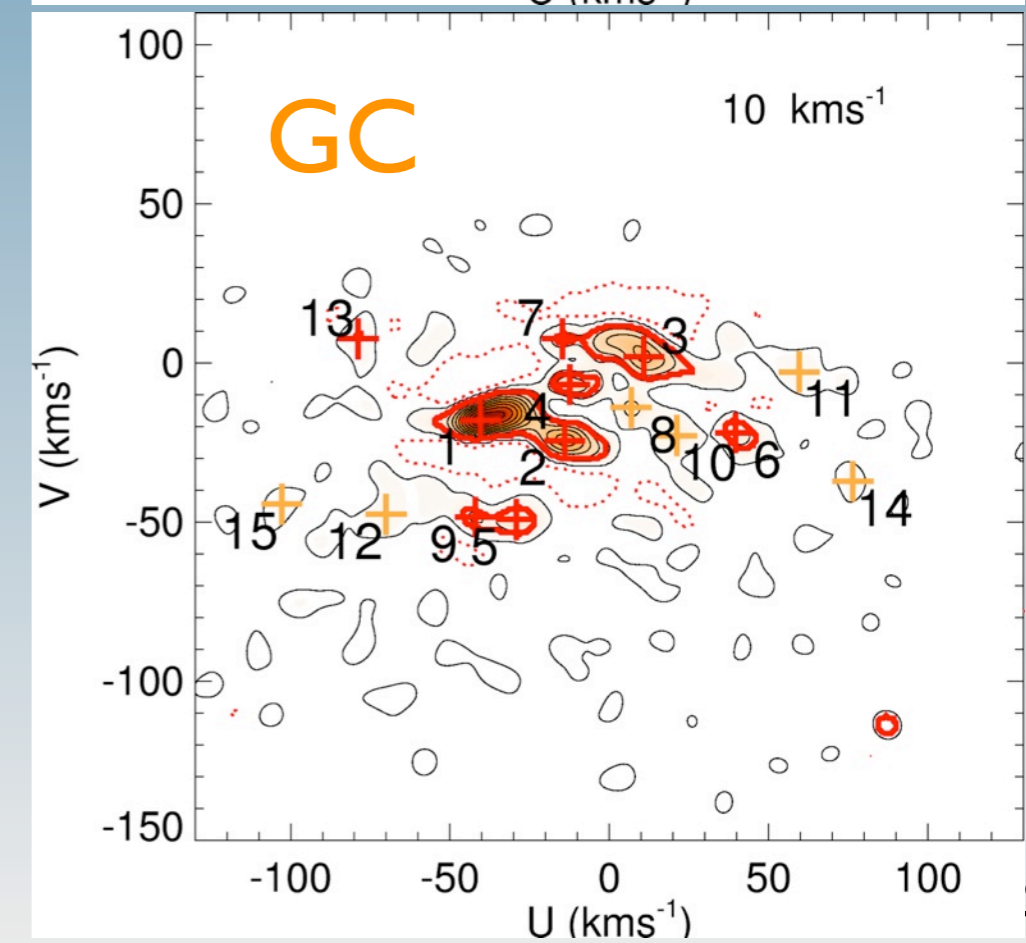
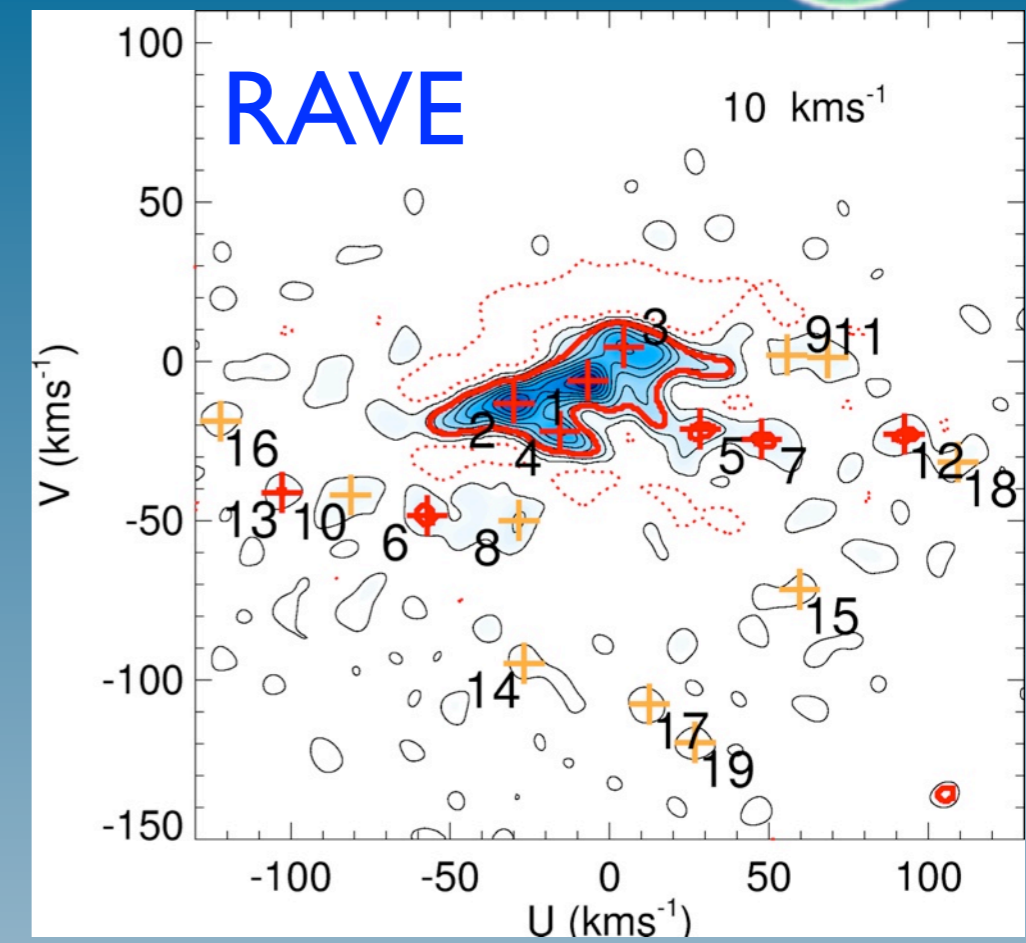
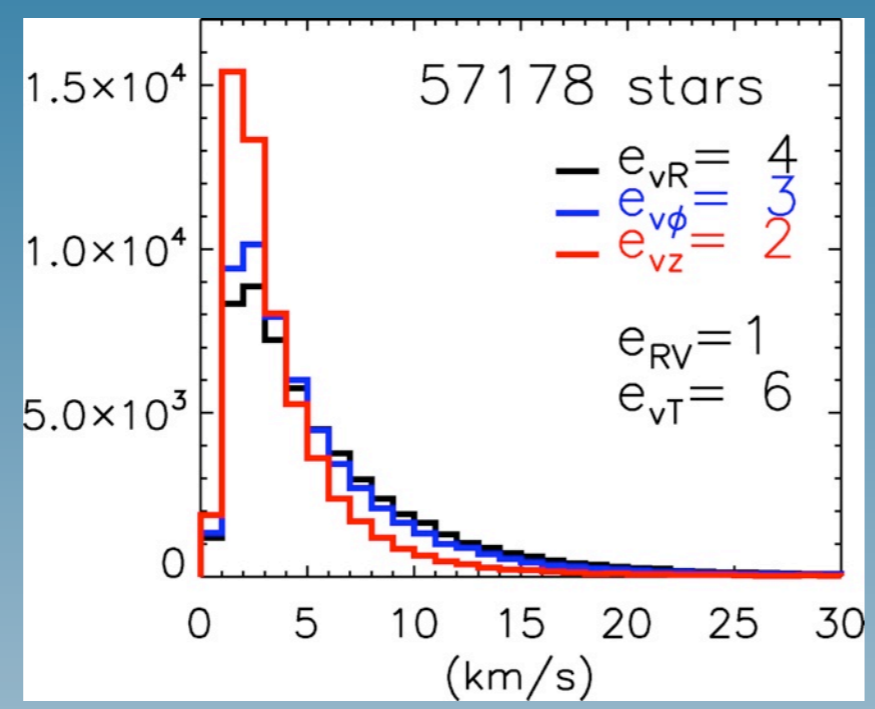
3) Significant peaks 2σ and 3σ



RAVE Local sample

$$d \cos b \leq 200 \text{ pc}$$

$$|Z| \leq 300 \text{ pc}$$

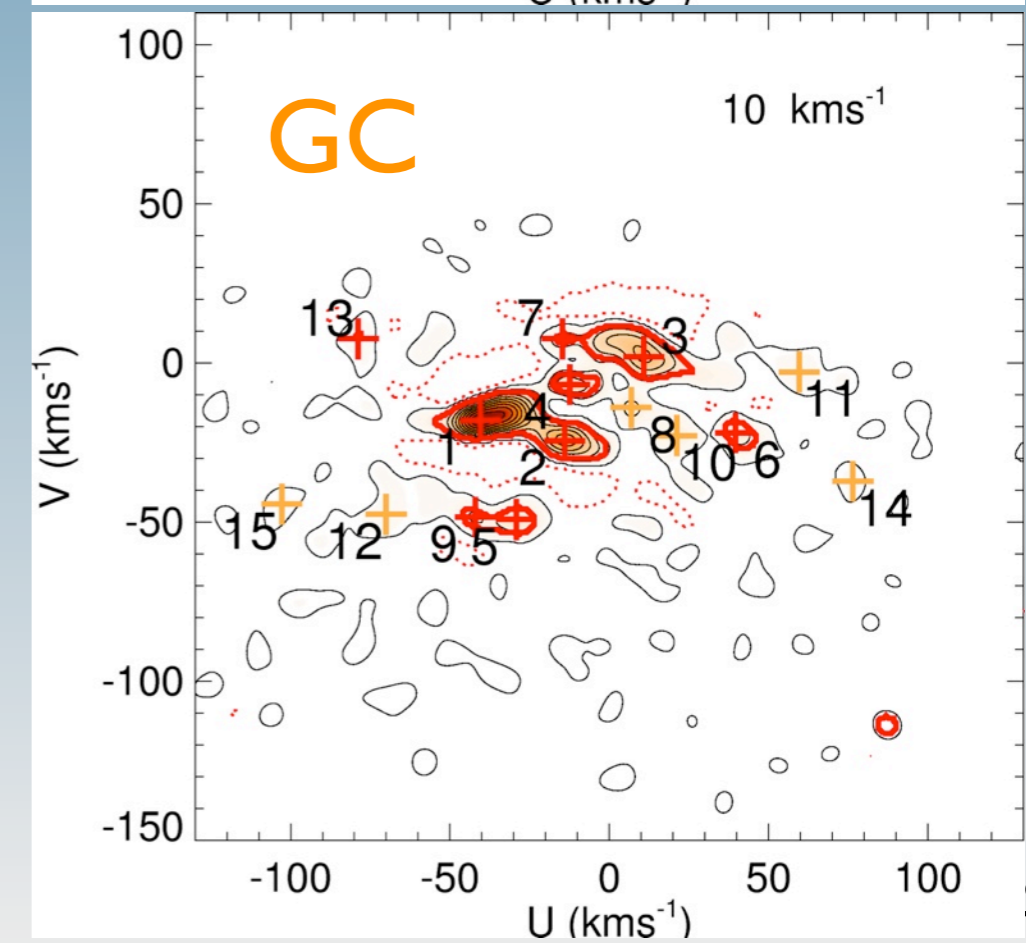
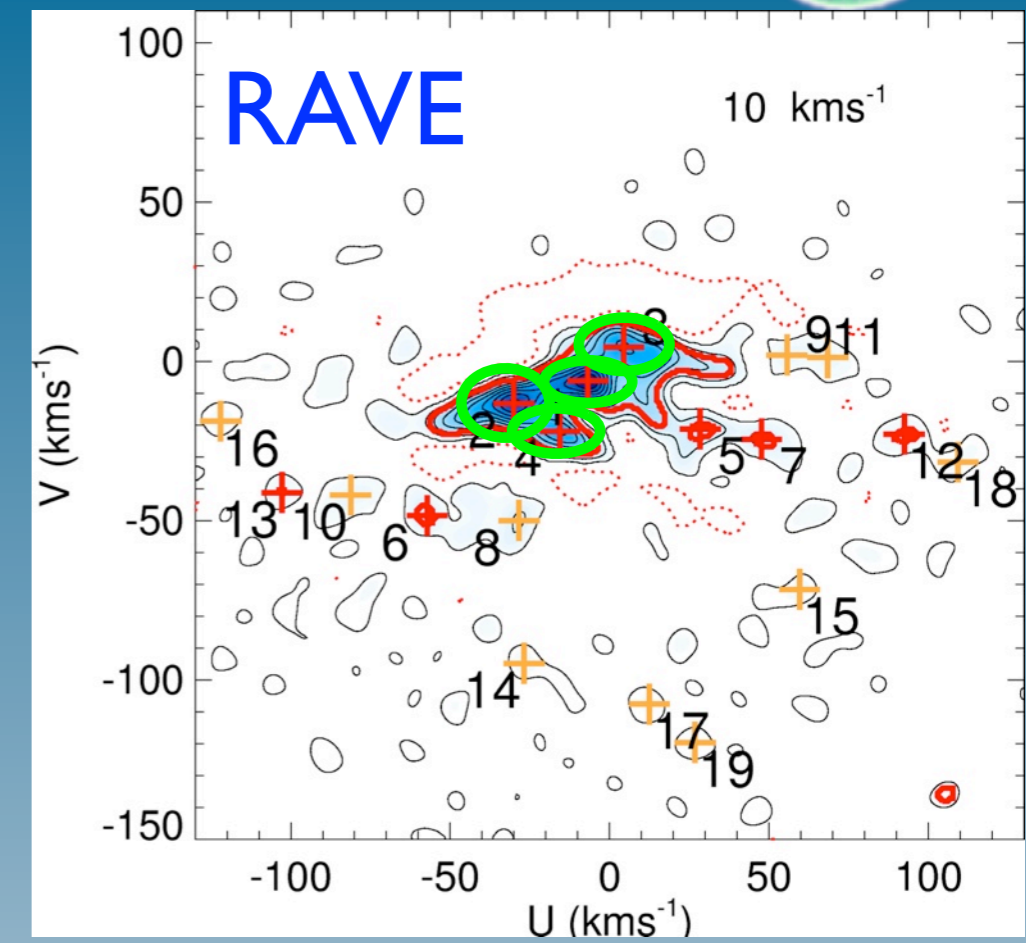
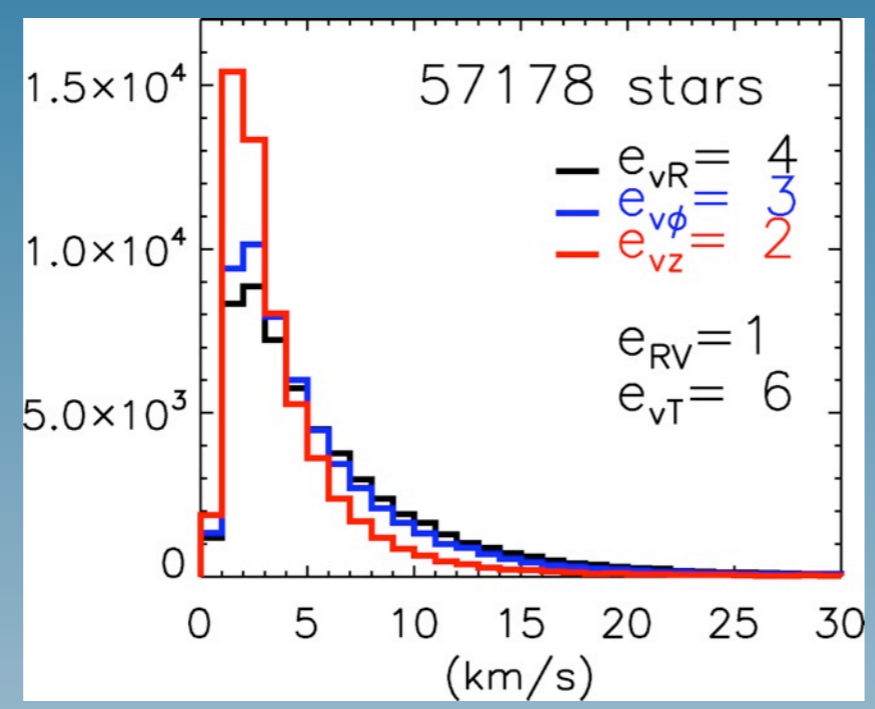


- Similar significant groups in GC and RAVE local sample
- Main groups: Coma Berenices, Hyades, Sirius, Pleiades, Hercules
- New group at $(U, V) \sim (90, -20)$ km/s
- Wolf elongation is stronger than Hercules
- γ Leo, ϵ Ind, η Ceph: old groups by Eggen 1971

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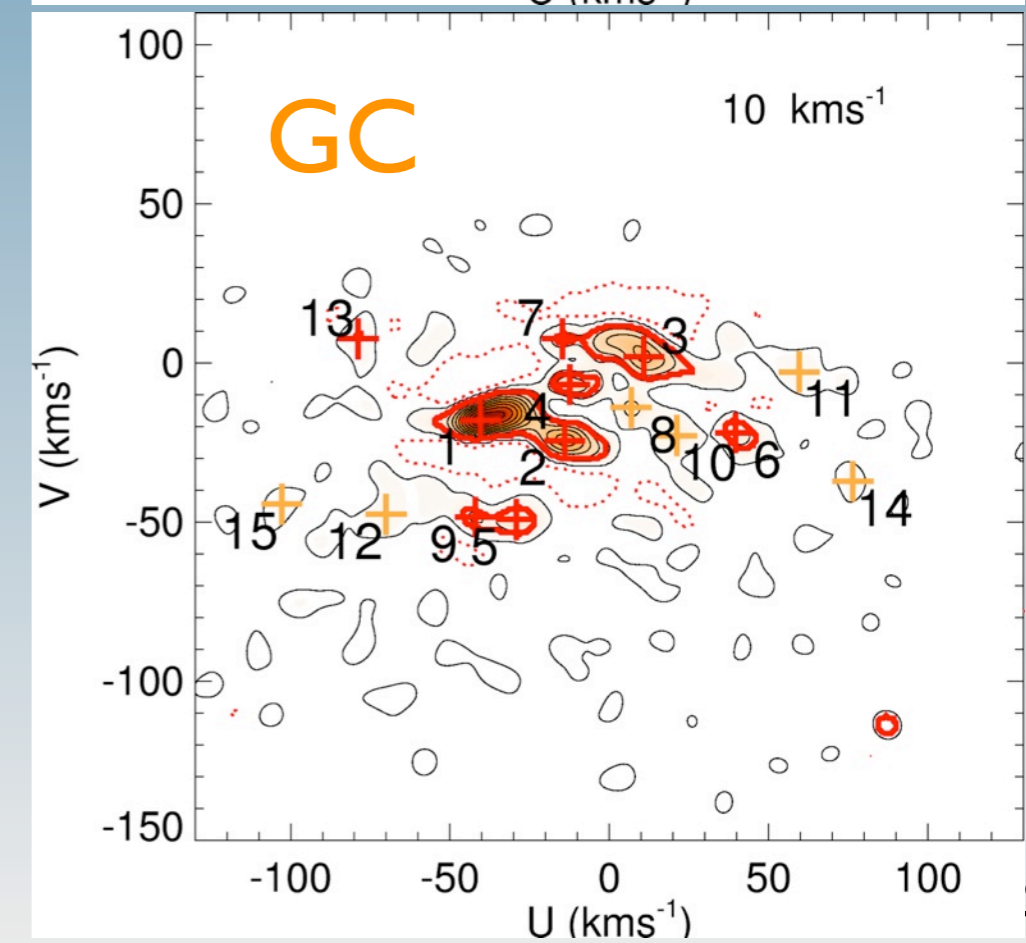
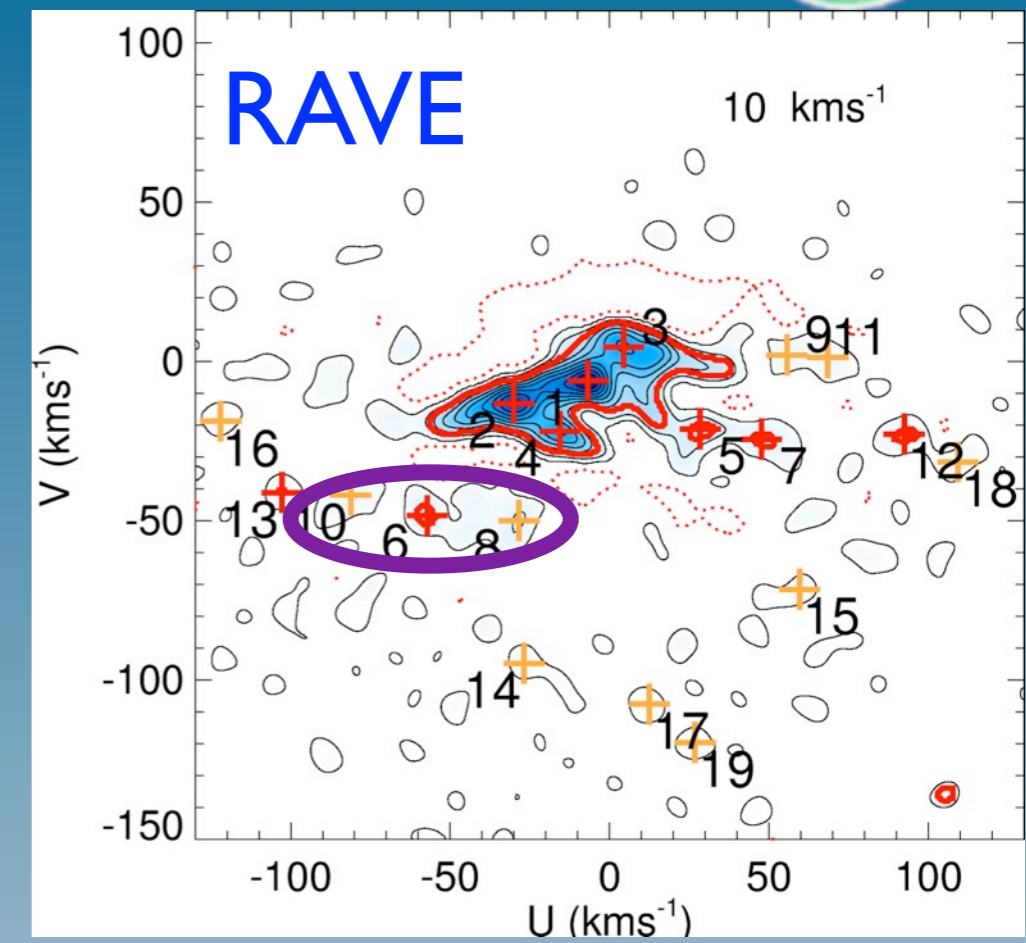
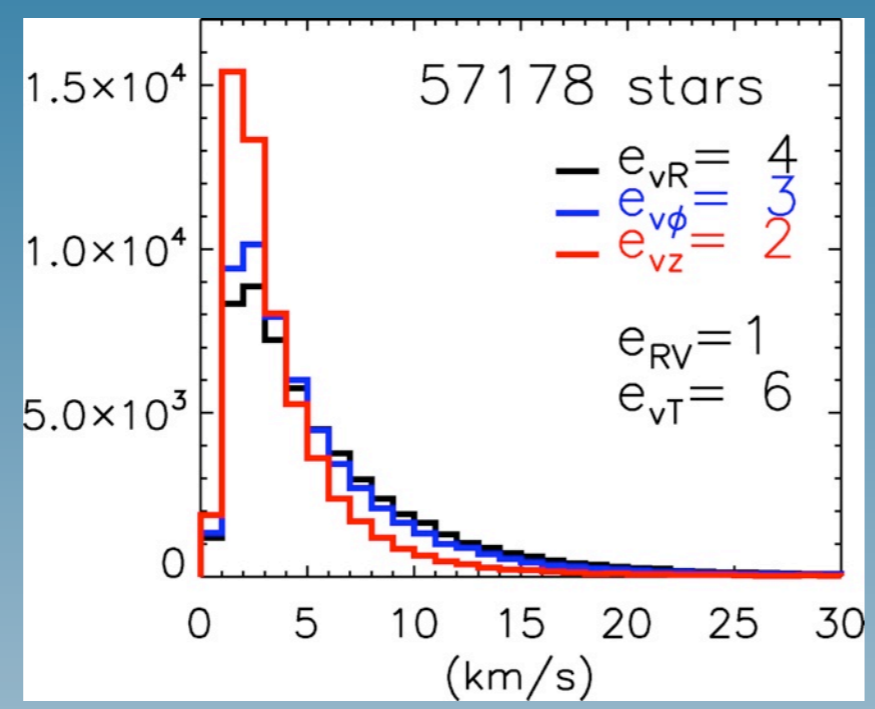


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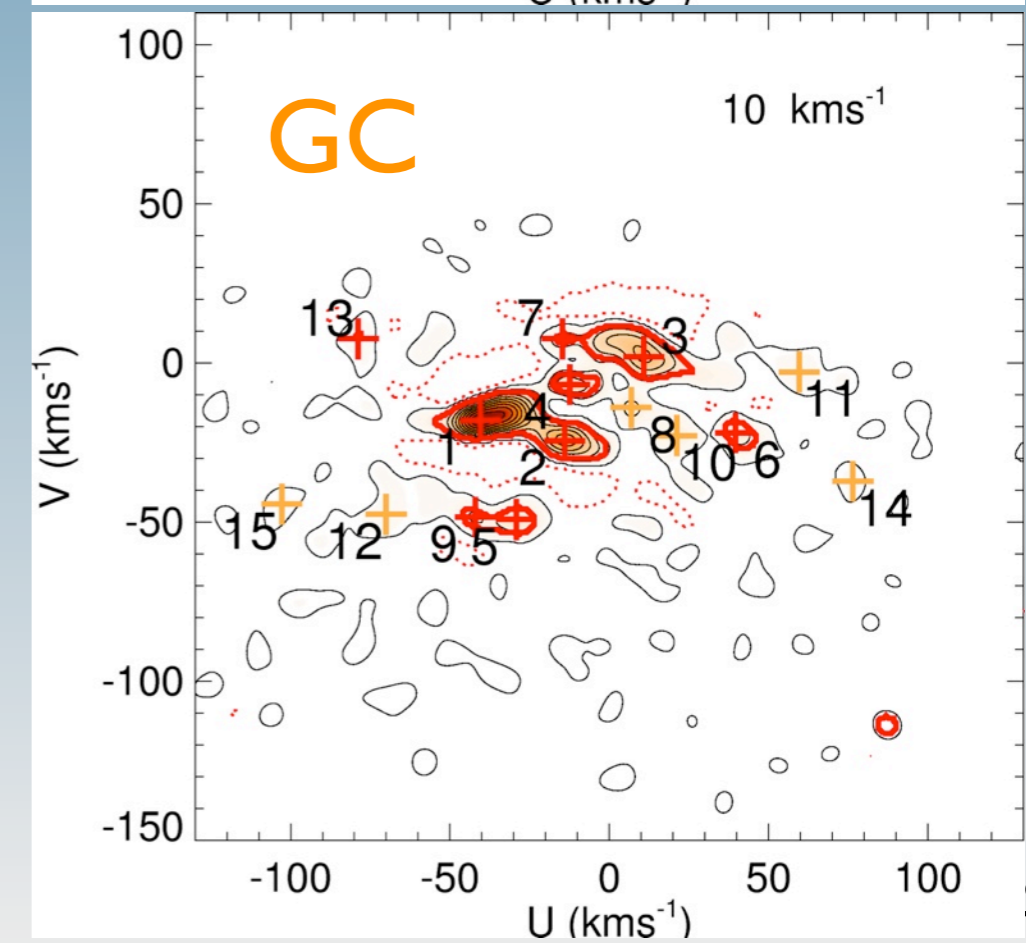
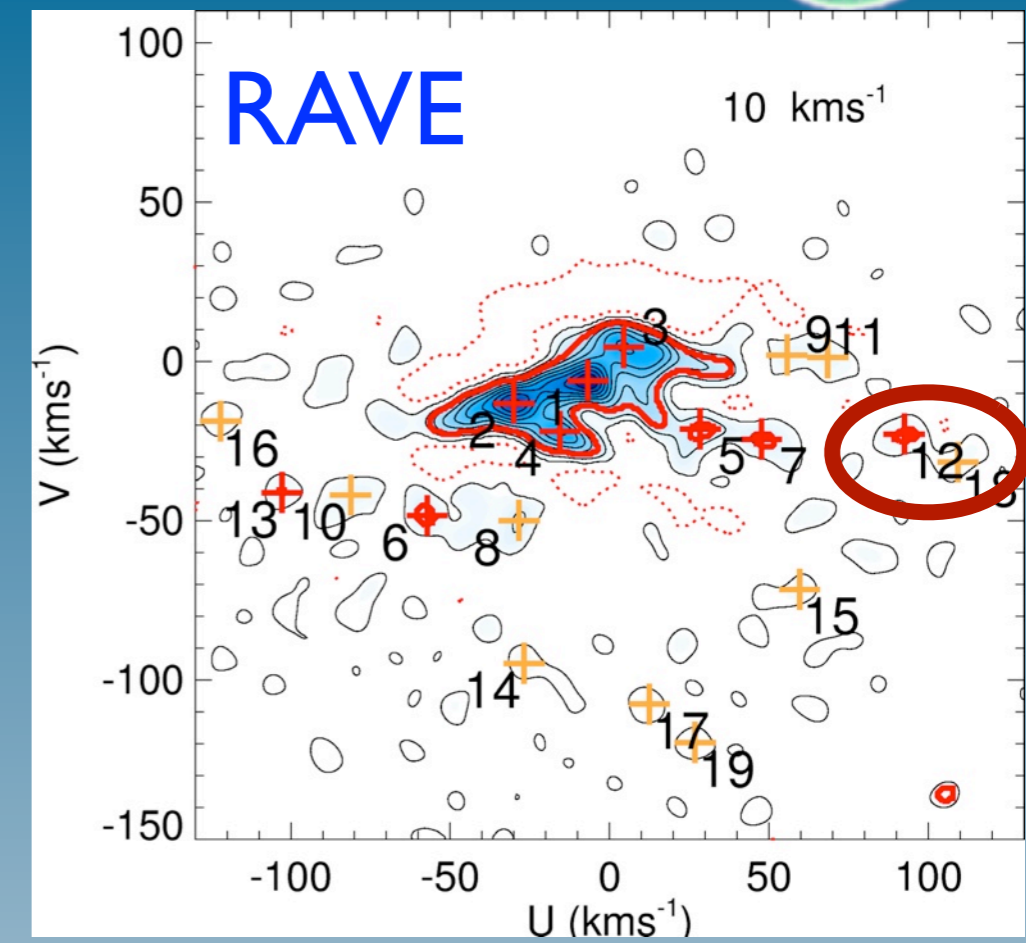
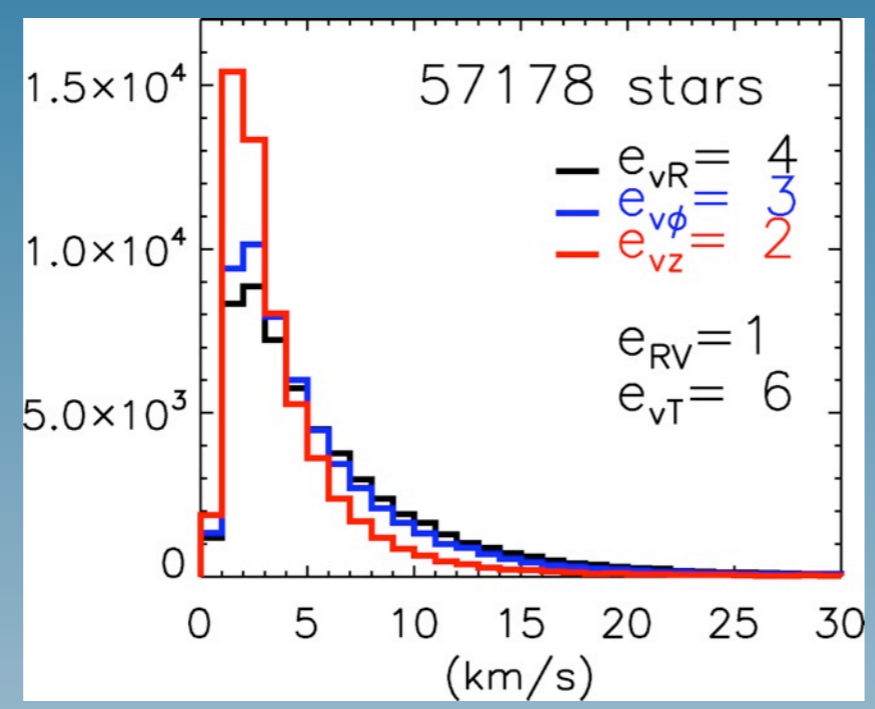


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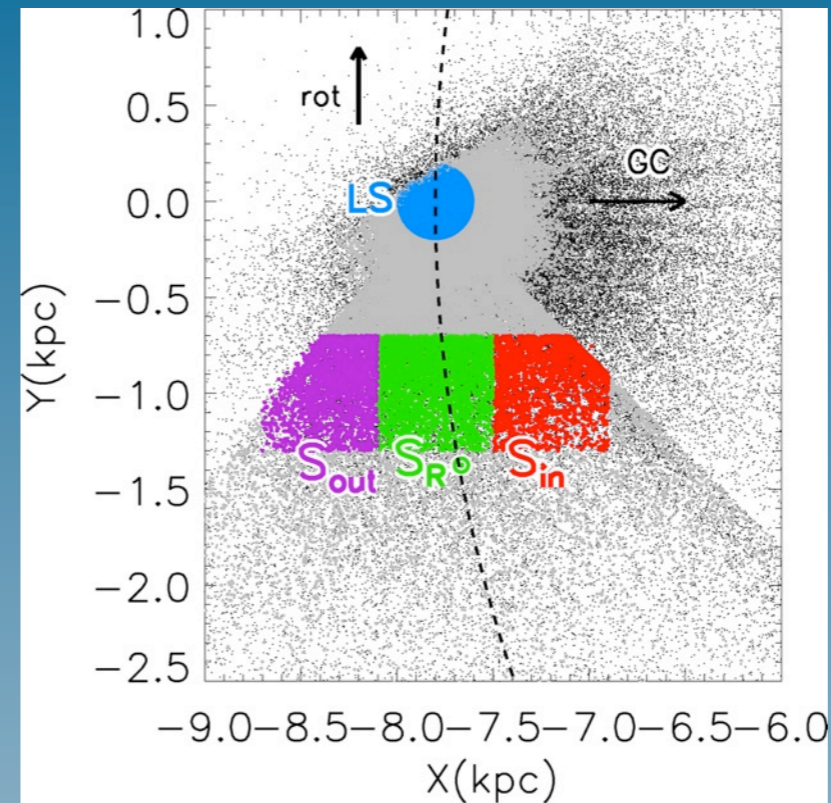
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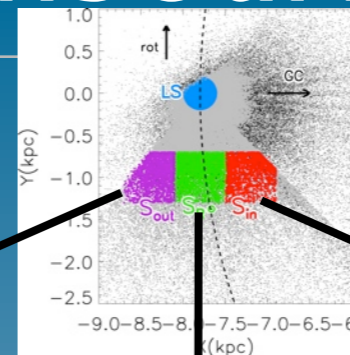


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Antoja et al. 2012 (in prep.)



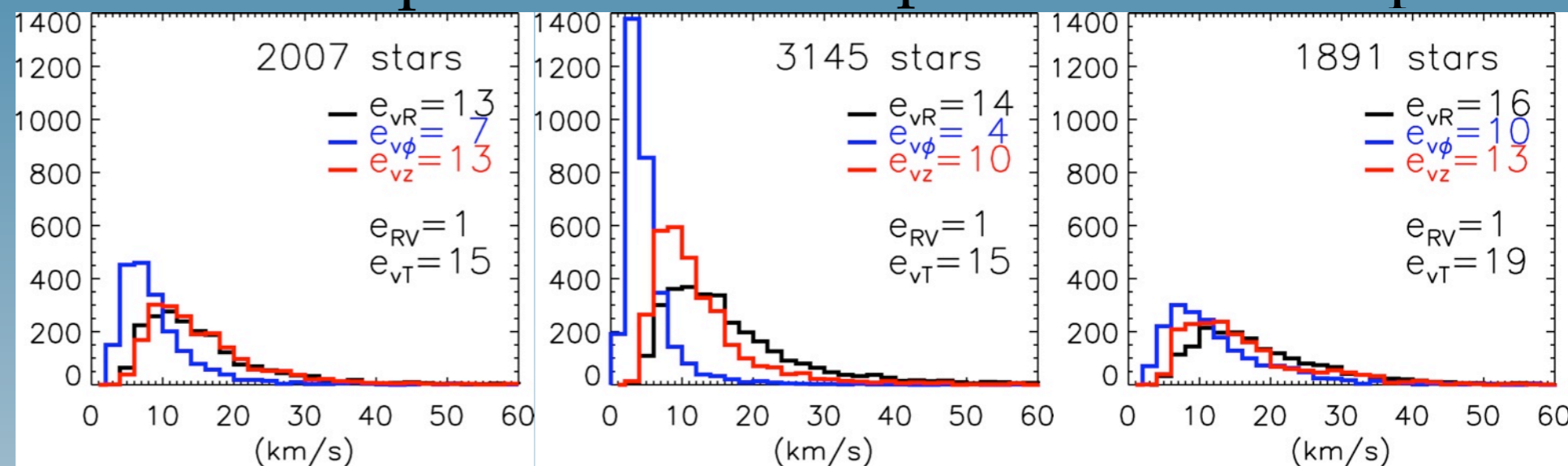
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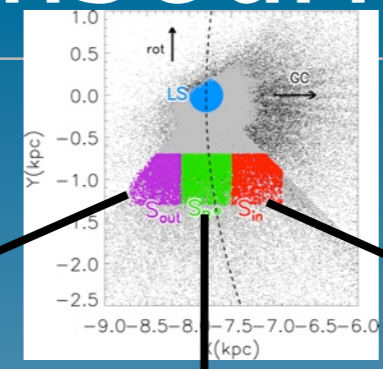
R~8.4 kpc

R~7.8 kpc

R~7.2 kpc



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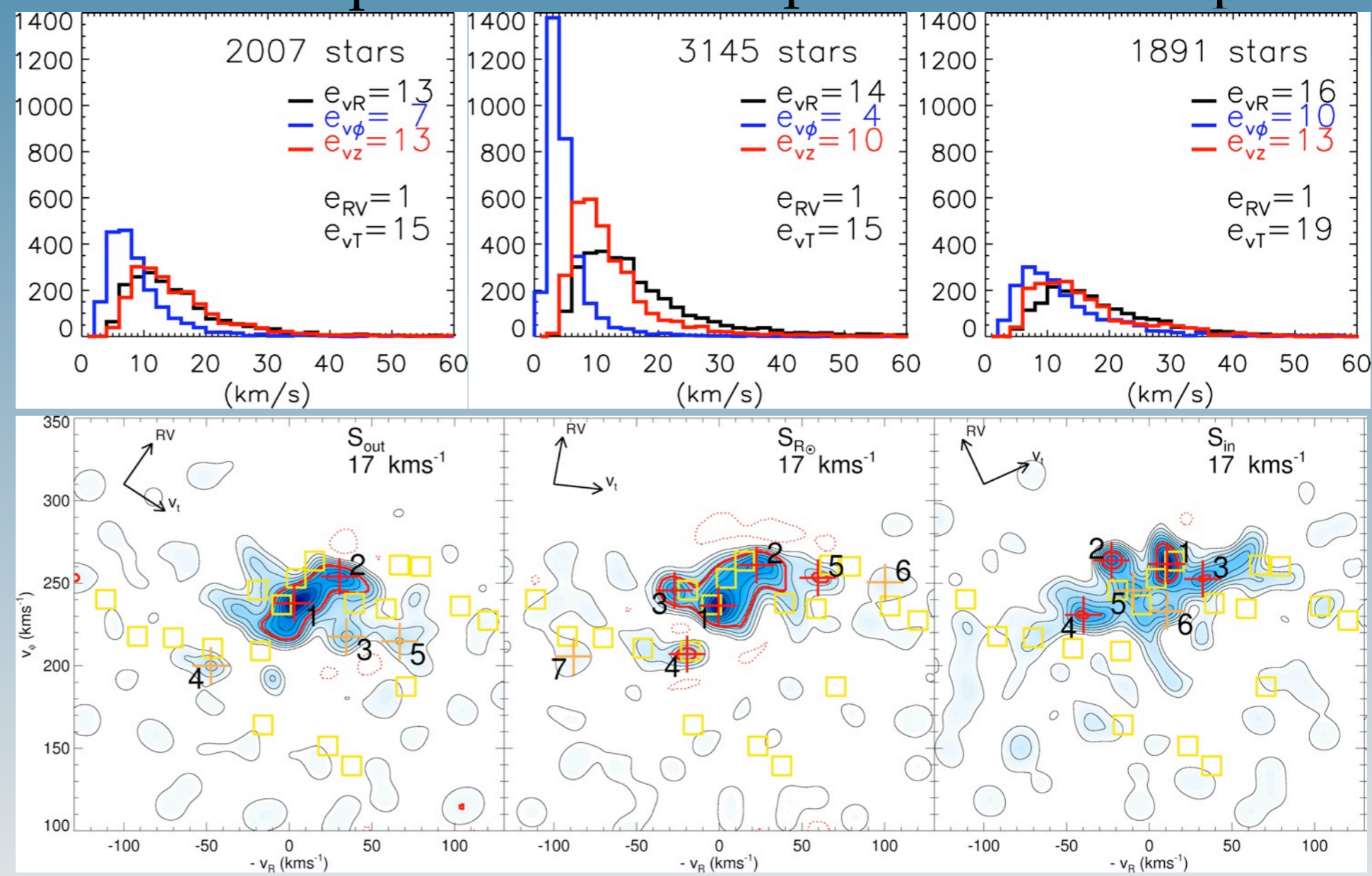


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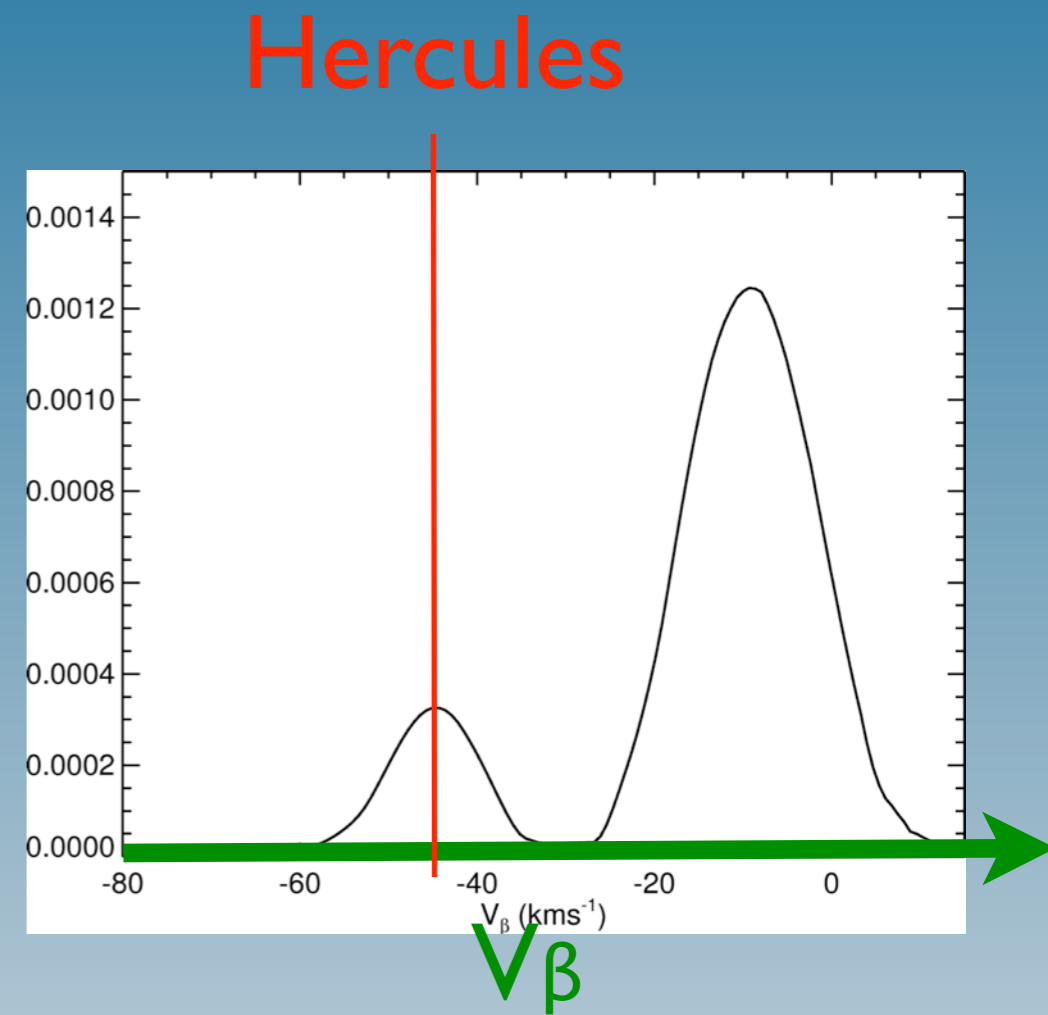
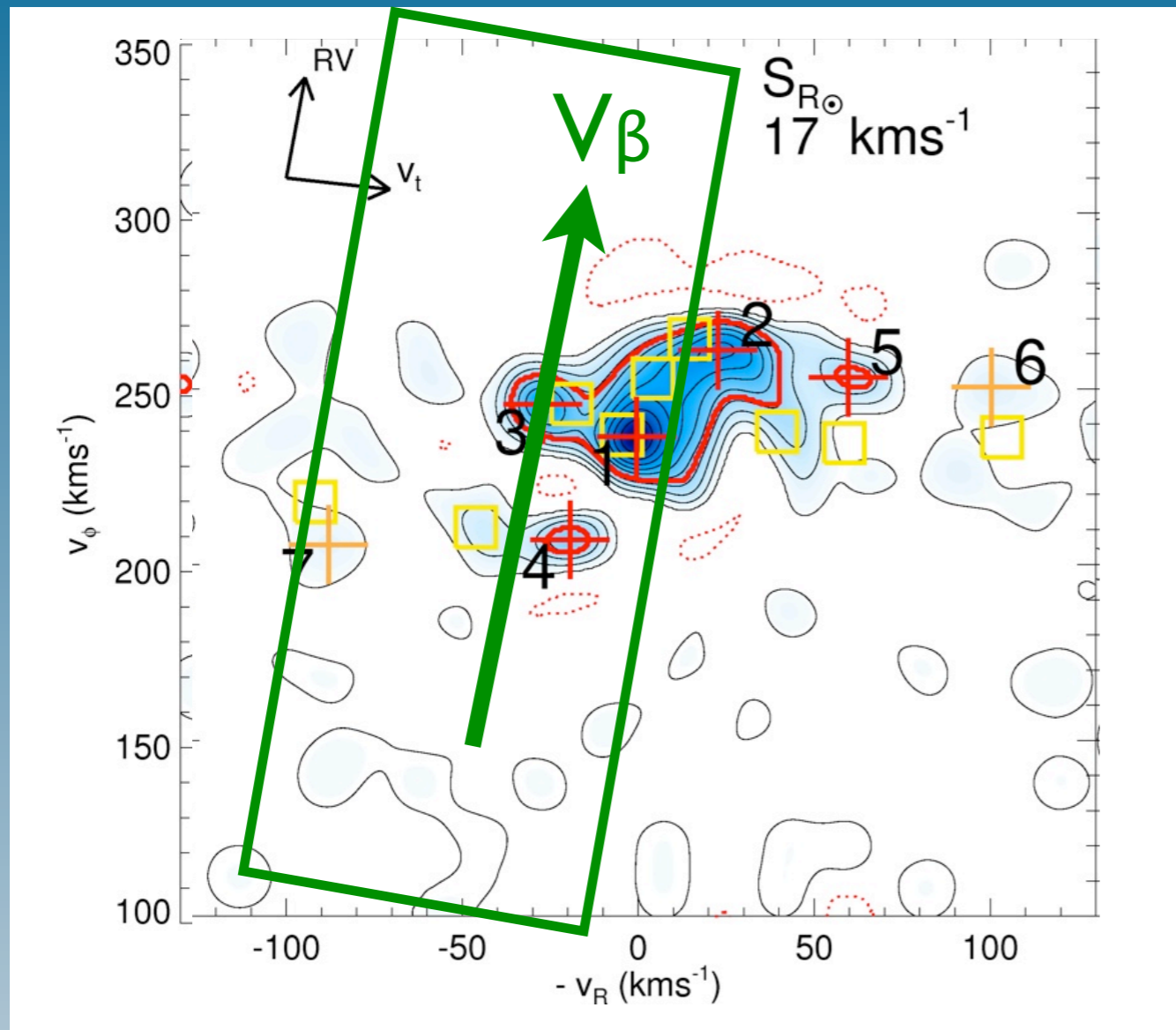
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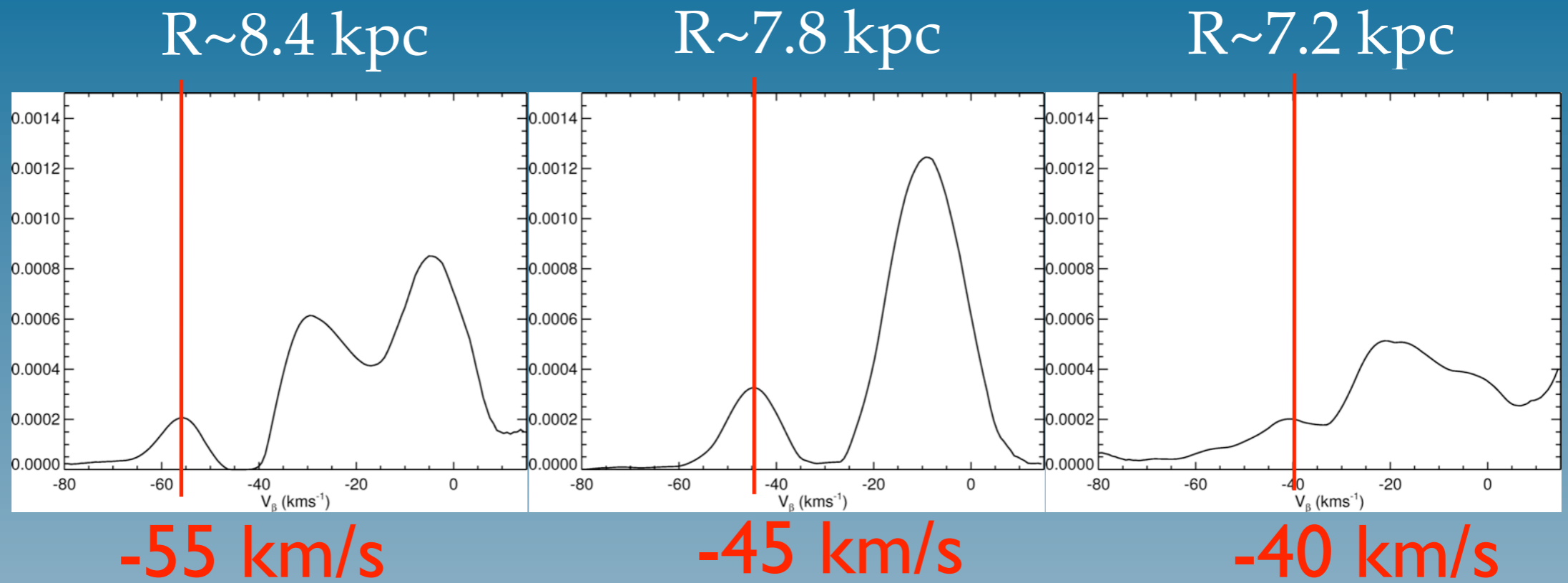
- First detection of non-local disc kinematic substructure
- Local known groups are still observed at 1 kpc in the solar circle
- Known groups are shifted in velocity inside and outside solar circle
- More changes in radius than in azimuth



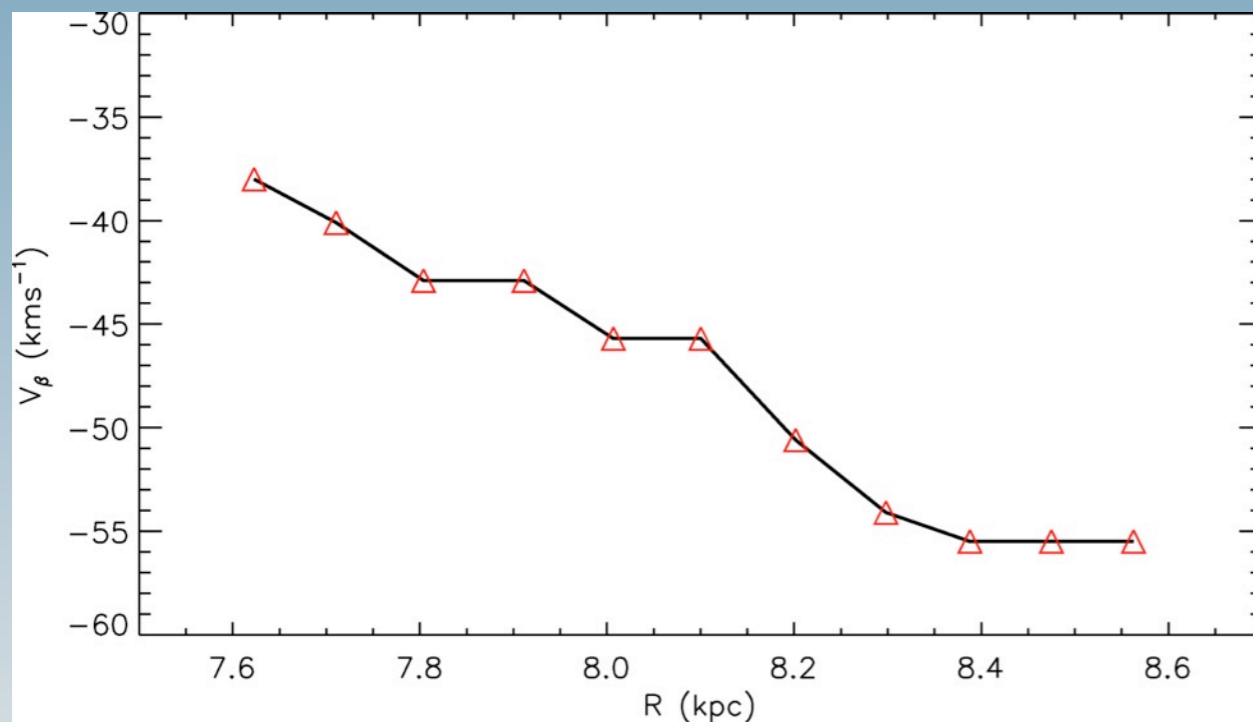
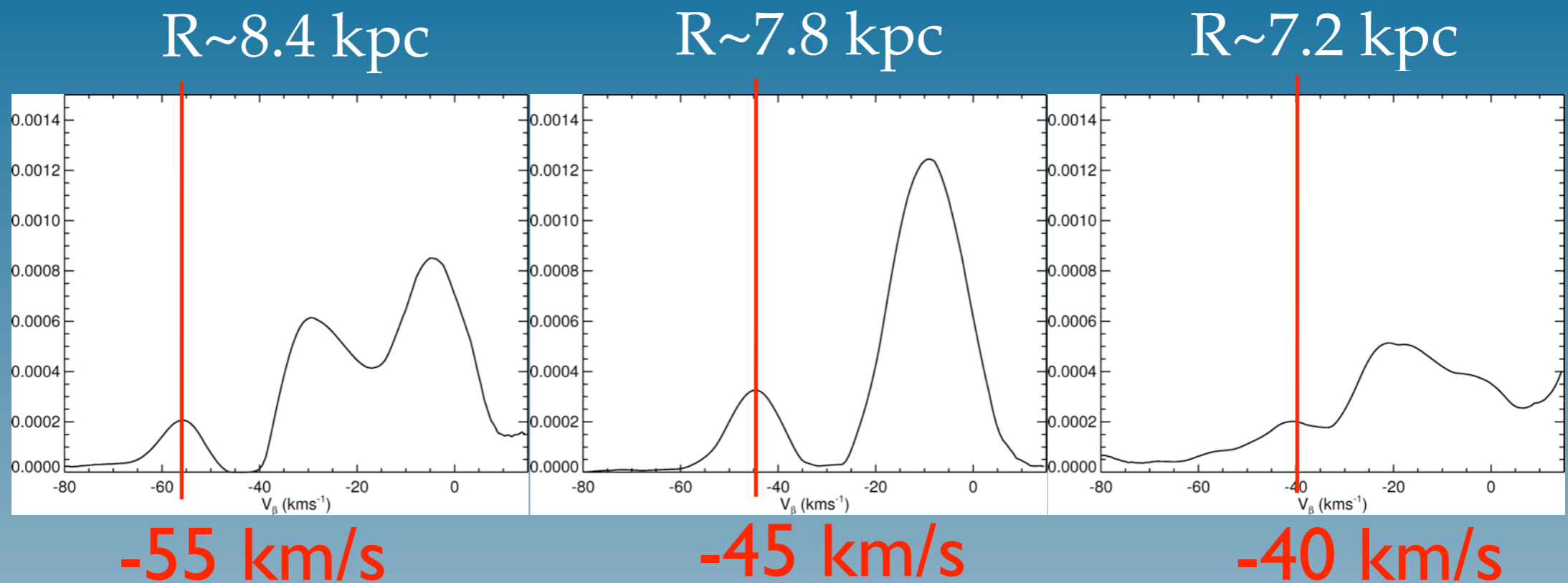
Hercules shift with R



Hercules shift with R

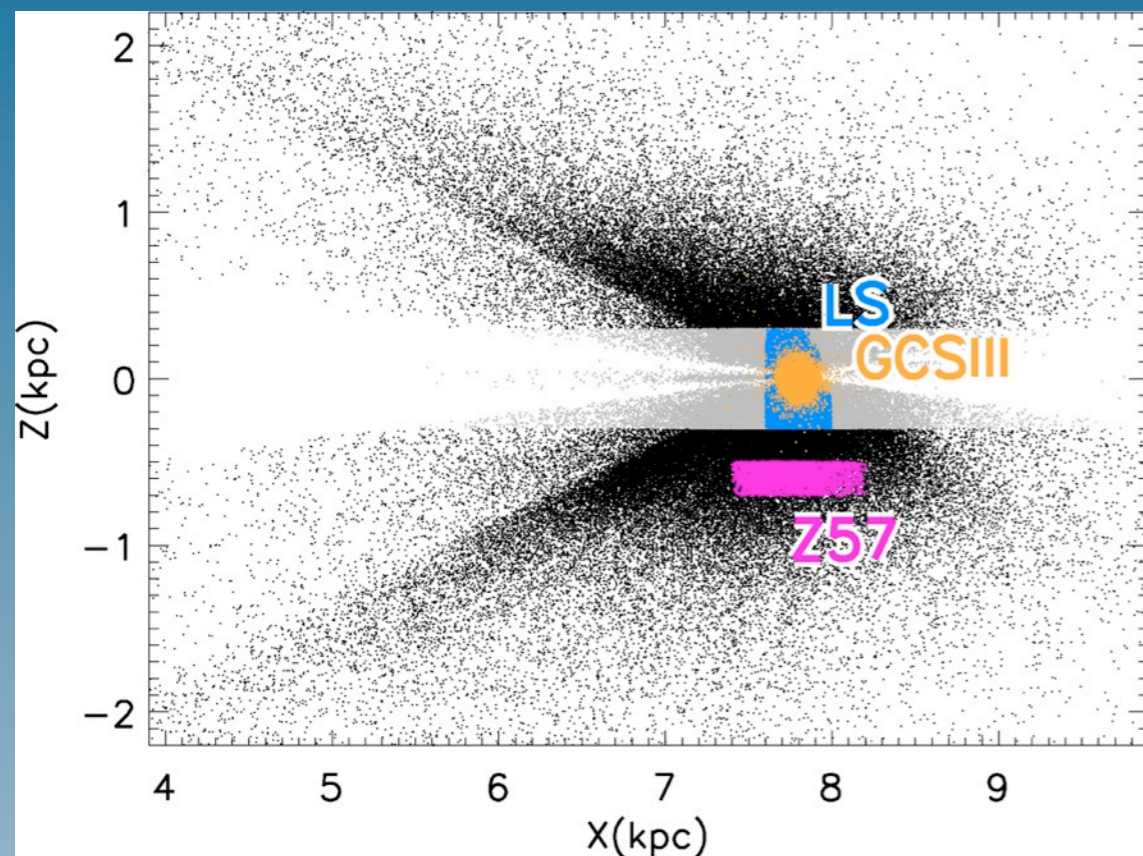


Hercules shift with R



- Hercules moves to low azimuthal velocities outside solar circle and to higher azimuthal velocities inside solar circle
- Consistent with the effects of the bar's OLR

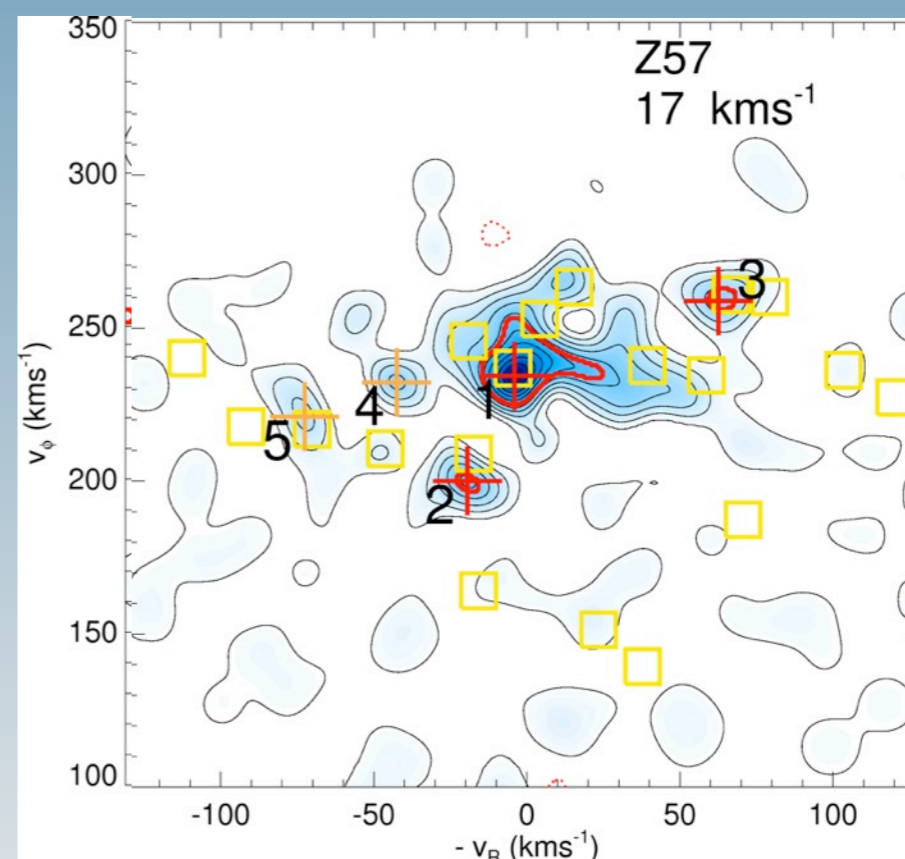
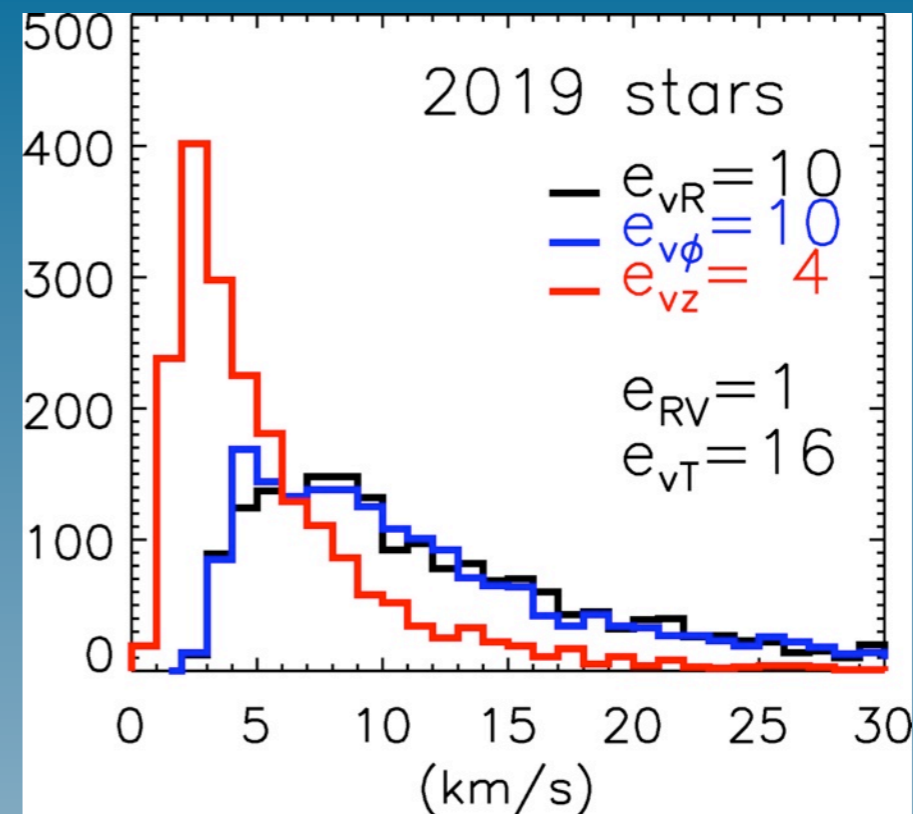
Below the plane



$$-700 \leq |Z| \leq -500 \text{ pc}$$

$$d \cos b \leq 400 \text{ pc}$$

- Some groups persist at low $|Z|$ below the plane: Hercules, γ Leo
- Models far from the plane?



MODELS

- ◆ The models predict kinematic substructure beyond the local volume
- ◆ They predict some trends in how the substructure change in distant regions

RAVE OBSERVATIONS

- ◆ Most of the main local kinematic groups can still be detected at ~ 1 kpc distance
- ◆ Large-scale features + age dispersion \longrightarrow favour dynamical origin
- ◆ The groups shift in the velocity plane for distant samples

OBSERVATIONS vs DYNAMICAL MODELS

- ◆ Scales of variation of the groups are roughly consistent with models
- ◆ Hercules trend of azimuthal velocity with radius is consistent with effects of the 2:1 OLR
- ◆ Use magnitude and direction of the shifts to constrain properties of the bar and spiral arms